Beaver & Gephart

Bellefonte Republican

Established in 1869.} "Let us see to it that a Government, of the People, for the People, and by the People, shall not perish from the Earth."---A. LINCOLN. Terms: $2.00 per annum

VOL. XVIII. BELLEFONTE, PA., THURSDAY MORNING, DECEMBER 16, 1886. NO. 50.

Bellefonte Republican.
By EDWARD T. TUTEN.

TO CORRESPONDENTS.—No communication published unless accompanied by the real name of the writer.

Correspondents should write upon but one side of the paper, and avoid the use of pale or fancy inks.

EDITORIAL BRIEFS.

STANLEY, the explorer, has been summoned back to Belgium.

AN excellent authority says wines, ales and beer should be spelt, whines, ails and bier.

HENRY GEORGE continues to make speeches in New York city and attracts large audiences.

ALL the newspapers seem to be envious of the Congressional *Record* and make sport of it.

CONGRESS already gives indication that it intends to do this season's work by the day and not by the job.

ENGLAND says she holds Egypt as a trustee for the European powers. Russia would like to hold Bulgaria in the same way.

THE French government is going to change the army rifles, at a cost of $20,000,000. The old guns are to be fired, so to speak.

A KANSAS jury gave the verdict where a man died in a state of intoxication: "Death by hanging—round a saloon."

THE President is a level-headed tariff reformer,—*Watchman*. Please tell us what the President wants. We cannot find out by reading his message.

GEN. BOOTH, the leader of the Salvation Army, has gone back to England. The Tyrone correspondent of the Altoona *Times* neglected to go along with him.

THE Postmaster General has appointed the following named fourth-class postmasters: Wm Conklin, Myersburg; Charles E. McCabe, Springfield; Michael McNamare, Warrenham.

THE vigorous efforts of the Salisbury Ministry at present all tend to the vindication of Gladstone. If the present policy is kept up a little while longer the vindication will be eminently complete.

JNO. P. HARRIS, Esq., of Bellefonte, is mentioned as a suitable personage to succeed M. S. Quay as State Treasurer. We heartily concur in this suggestion. No better choice could be made.—*Philipsburg Journal.*

THE great soldier, Count Von Moltke, in a speech in the German Reichstag the other day, said that peace between France and Germany is now about impossible, and that a terrible gulf yawns in Central Europe.

GEN. BEAVER'S cabinet is already completed, but the General may determine not to announce it until after his inauguration. In that event, what a quandary the average newspaper correspondent may be in.

THERE is a rumor that there are enough Democratic members of the Missouri Legislature willing to unite with the Republicans to defeat Senator Cockrell's re-election, but it has probably little foundation in fact.

A FIRE broke out, Friday morning, in Carpenter's grocery store in Attica, Senica county, Ohio, and before it could be checked destroyed almost the entire business part of the town. The loss is roughly estimated at $100,000.

WINNIE DAVIS is surprised at the prosperity and wealth of the North. Perhaps she will conclude soon that it is well the cause represented by her father—Jeff Davis—was lost forever, for that helped to cause the growth and prosperity of this part of the Union.

JUDGE GRESHAM, of the United States Circut Courts of Illinois, is winning for himself golden opinions from men of all parties in his recent decisions in the railroad cases which have come up before him. His opinion delivered on the Wabash case is highly commended on all sides, except by the men directly interested.

IN the opinion of the St. Louis *Globe-Democrat*, the "most important fact in connection with the President's message is that it fails to point out a single thing which the present Administration has done in nearly two years of power to justify the assertions and promises upon which the Democratic victory of 1884 was brought to pass."

The Tariff on Sugar.

Reduction of the internal revenue has been the cry of the Democratic party ever since the republican party, by good management, secured a handsome balance to the Nation's credit in the treasury. There seems to us to be "more cry than wool" in this slogan of the unterrified hosts. The requirements of true statesmanship demand that the revenues be expended for the public good, rather than that they be diminished. So far as internal revenues are concerned they are mostly on articles of luxury. We regret any thought of compromise with Democrats in this matter. The country is still reaping the evil fruits of a compromise with the Democrats on the tariff in 1883.

Among the articles from which it is proposed to remove the tariff for the purpose of reduction is sugar. We earnestly object to this. Our policy is to never remove a duty from an imported article which can be procured in this country, and we know of no article which our soil or ingenuity cannot produce, not even excepting the English dude. Our view of the tariff is in the true philanthropic and Christian spirit, and is warped by no local prejudice. We are aware that to remove the tariff from sugar might enable the people of Bellefonte to purchase it at a cent or so less per pound. But let us not be prejudiced. Will this compensate for the injury it would do to other parts of the country? We believe not. We want all parts of the country to support us in maintaining the duty on iron ore. As an appropriate return for that favor we should be willing to advocate a maintenance of what ever may aid any other part. Therefore, we are pleased to notice that he whom Mr. Blaine called the "Nestor of Protection" dissents from the views recently expressed on this subject by such leaders as Sherman and Frye.

Again, we are well aware that the figures show that the sugar producing industry of this country is comparatively small; that in importance it is as nothing compared with the manufacture of iron. But we believe that its possibilities are great, and we know no reason why every particle of sugar used in this country should not be manufactured here from material produced in our own land. This is no narrow, exclusive policy; but it is such as is suggested by a correct understanding of our own interests as we look into the future. So long as evil prevails in men's hearts and there remains a propensity to take advantage of each other; so long it is encumbent on the people of this Union to look out for No. 1; at least, so far as business interests are concerned.

What we say of sugar we are ready to affarm of every other article. Encourage its home production. If, indeed, there are such unpatriotic cranks calling themselves Americans, who must have imported articles, make them pay for it. Now, please don't anyone say we want to deprive Grandmother Jones of her cup of tea; oh, no, we want her to drink it. While this nerve-destroying beverage is not cultivated here, by all means let it come in as cheap as possible. But let the government experiment in its production. Doubtless, it can be cultivated here in as high degree of excellence as in China. When that is accomplished load on the tariff.

If revenue reduction is absolutely necessary, by all means let it be internal revenue. But it is more important still that a naval fleet and coast defenses be provided with the surplus. The shades of Tilden ask for this. And if there remains an additional $500,000, the Government may give Bellefonte a handsome public building. This would be more appropriate because Bellefonte has given the country so many handsome public men, among whom we point to Gen. James A. Beaver and Ex-Gov. Curtin as brilliant examples.

Our platform on this subject is: No tariff reduction; no compromise with Democrats.

UNLESS all reports are false, Dr. McGlynn, of New York, whose adherence to the Henry George theory that private ownership in land is robbery, has got into trouble with the Papal authorities at Rome about the matter and has been summoned to Rome to answer for his conduct. The question at issue seems to be that the church holds to the right of private ownership in land the same as in other property. George claims that while private ownership in everything else is all right, in land it is robbery. Dr. McGlynn adheres to and advocates the George theory, which brings him in direct conflict with the church of which he is a prominent ecclesiastic.

The Power of Steam.

A remarkable proof of the power of steam was given on the Beech Creek Railroad, near Jersey Shore, last week. Our readers have read some of the particulars of the accident which were related by telegraph at the time in this paper. It was the explosion of a locomotive. Four men were killed outright and one of them was literally blown to pieces. The most marvelous exhibition of this power was the hurling of the dome and the jacket or covering of the boiler fully five hundred feet over a high hill. When the reader is informed that this mass of iron is estimated to weigh between 2,500 and 3,000 pounds, an idea of the terrific force that propelled it can be formed. In order to go over the hill it had to rise fully 250 feet in the air from where the engine stood before it could pass over the hill and make the descent on the other side. When it struck the frozen ground it landed with such force that it cut fully three feet into the earth, making an incision as clean as if cut with a chisel. The lever and throttle traveled with it and laid a few feet beyond. Mr. Fields, who was on the the dome at the moment of the explosion, was carried with the mass of iron the entire distance and his mangled remains were picked up by its side.

The great accident caused consternation in all that vicinity. The earth shook violently. Windows rattled and glass and china were broken as though by a great earthquake. This powerful agency which, unrestrained, can accomplish such fearful destruction, has revolutionized the world and its service to humanity has been simply incalculable.

AN individual named Charles A. Storey has published a circular about what he calls "The Science of Spelling," a copy of which we have received, with the suggestion that we publish it. It is about the length of a President's message, hence we must ask Mr. Storey to excuse us from printing it in this paper. It endeavors to effect a revolution in this science, to which we are unalterably opposed. We believe that the present mode of spelling should remain unaltered; if for no other reason merely because it is a fine discipline to the mind to learn it. Then think of the valuable literature now extant which would be rendered utterly valueless by a change. Of course, bookmakers would rejoice at such a change, as it would give them remunerative employment to reprint all standard works. But we don't like any change at all; and it gives us the horrors to see a beautiful, symmetrical word like programme with the last two letters eliminated thus -program. And how would psychology look if spelled sikolojy?

WASHINGTON TERRITORY is anxious to be admitted as a State, and if it were decidedly Democratic it could easily get in and bring Republican Dakota with it as an offset. Senator Voorhees champions admission of Washington. It has twice shown the good taste to send his son to Congress, and if admitted as a State it might send the younger Voorhees to sit with his father in the Senate. That it would do this, however, is not at all certain, hence a Democratic House keeps it, with Dakota, out in the cold, though both are entitled to admission on the score of population. The Territorial Legislature chosen last month has a Republican majority of two, which is fatal to Democratic hopes. It is probable that Washington will have to become more Democratic or else remain out of the Union until the Republicans secure the control of both Houses of Congress.

Judith Von Stump.

The poem which Miss Cleveland has contributed to Lippincott's *Magazine* contains forty-one ten-line stanzas and is all about a girl, aged 21 years, named Judith Von Stump. Judith didn't seem to know what to do with herself. At length her condition became so serious that physicians were sent for, who (after feeling her pulse and looking at her tongue) concluded that she should be allowed to vote just like "that thing of hair and neckties" called a man. Another doctor prescribed a dose of "old fashioned love." Miss Cleveland gets $500 for this poem. We do not believe that it will make her reputation as a poet.

THE President complains that the Treasury has too much surplus, while the Secretary of War is begging Congress to spend some of this surplus, to do something in the way of National defense. Why not put our coast in proper defensive condition by the use of some of the surplus in the Treasury?

What the Tariff Does.

It is a favorite theory of the free-traders that the protective tariff increases to the consumer the cost of the products taxed by the custom duties. On the contrary the tariff has so developed our home industries that we are able through competition to manufacture the goods in our own country needed here, and place them in the market cheaper than we could import them and put them in the market under low or free trade duties. We have now had about twenty-five years of protective tariff and we would like to know a single article that has been increased in cost to the purchaser by it.

Take the matter of hardware or agricultural implements which the farmer is so often told he has to pay a heavy tax on. When did he buy his hardware or his farm implements cheaper than he can to-day of our home manufacturer?

The farmer is told that if there was a free market he would pay only $100 for what he now pays $130 in the way of cotton goods and clothing. Is this so? When pray could a farmer dress as well or as cheeply as he can to-day in American made clothing? Did he ever buy as cheaply in times when imported goods were all the go and our American cotton and wooden mills were not in operation? Any farmer of 50 or 60 years of age knows he did not. The development of American industries has cheapened cotton and woolen goods more than one-half, and all has been due to the Protective system.

Robbery on the Train.

One could think that the day when passengers in a train could be robbed by a couple of armed men would soon pass into history. This state of affairs still exists in the West, and an instance of it occurred last Saturday on the Fort Worth and Denver railroad, near Bowie, Texas. The valuables were hid, however, in a way which prevented the robbers from securing many of them. Money, watches and jewelry were given to the ladies to conceal about their persons. The ladies kept thousands of dollars and the robbers secured only $102.

But the wonder is that at this day such an outrage should be permitted. The train contained about forty people, among whom were four or five armed men. But the two bold adventurers marched through the train, unresisted, and demanded and obtained what they asked for. Surely, even on western railroads greater safety of travel should be secured. These fellows should be shot and before many instances of that kind had occurred the attempts to rob trains would be relinquished.

The Temperance Lecturer.

The people of this community who had an opportunity to listen to A. C. Rankin, the temperance lecturer, who spoke every evening for a week in the Rink, must have been edified and instructed. Mr. Rankin has a way entirely his own of treating this subject and touched upon many of the economic questions of the day in their relation to the subject under discussion.

We doubt if any of the economic writers have solved more certainly than he the real problem of over production, in attributing the origin of it to the use of alcoholic drinks. He believes that no scheme which can be devised will prove a remedy for the evil of over production so long as $996,000,000 is spent annually for this commodity which should be for other articles. He also believes that the highest prosperity will follow prohibition of the traffic.

THE business boom will not be injured by Mr. Morrison's, efforts to lower duties because the people know that Morrison has been shorn of his strength. He and his confederates may howl to the extent of their ability for revenue reform, but neither the present nor the next congress will heed them. The recent emphatic declaration of the American people in favor of protection will not be without its effect on congressmen. As for Mr. Morrison, he will retire to private life on the 4th of March and will have abundant leisure in which to condole with Mr. Frank Hurd over the stupidity of the average American voter.

IT was bad enough for the Administration to repudiate the principle of civil service reform as audaciously as it did in driving Bank Examiner Scriba out of office—but the effort to justify its action by spreading the impression that he was dismissed for incompetency or something worse was nothing short of scandalous and disgraceful. However, it is not a new dodge with the present dynasty.

SOME of the Democratic papers are claiming that Senator Dawes is in sympathy with the Democratic idea of reducing the surplus revenue. This is, however, a false representation of the Massachusetts Senator's opinions. The difference is that the Democrats want a reduction of the tariff made in the free trade line and usually strike at our American industries, which they are pleased to call individual monopolies. Senator Dawes, while admitting the necessity of reducing the surplus revenue, wants the tax taken off of such raw materials as are not produced in the United States, and the internal revenue tax taken off tobacco and custom duties off raw sugar. This is quite a different thing from that proposed by the Morrison Carlisle kind of political economist.

THE sum of money which the Secretary of the Treasury thinks might be wisely spent in river and harbor improvements during the year 1887-88 is over $30,000,000. This is going in for "the old flag as an appropriation" with a vengeance. It will be noted, perhaps, that the fall of 1888 an important election takes place in the United States. A good many voters could certainly be kept employed by the expenditure of $30,000,000, and every one of them would heartily support the Administration which furnished the work. But nobody about the Treasury Department is politician enough to have thought of that, of course.

HAVING first bounced District Attorney Benton for pernicious activity and noisy enthusiasm, and then restored him to the honors and emoluments of his place in the Federal service, President Cleveland washes his hands of the whole matter, and has served notice upon those who have been supplying him with copies of Mr. Benton's campaign speeches severely criticising the administration, that it's no use—the case has been closed and will not be reopened. This demonstrates that Mr. Cleveland has a tough epidermis as well as a well developed neck.

IT is a sign of a healthier tone of public opinion when the San Francisco press begins to regret and deprecate the general impression that California Senatorships are purchasable. This leaves room for the hope that California may yet advance to that stage of political enlightenment where its legislators will prove the falsity of the impression by electing some poor man with brains, while a few money kings are bidding for the place. This is in the line of convincing practical demonstration.

MR. JAMES ANTHONY FROUDE, who gave the reading public an unpleasant surprise by his publication of the papers of Thomas Carlyle, has published a letter, with accompanying documents, to prove that he did merely his duty. Still those who admired Carlyle before his confessions were made public would rather Mr. Froude had burned the whole lot.

THE excellent young Mugwump whom the Massachusetts Democrats were persuaded to run for governor at the recent election is now being urged for appointment as minister to Austria. If the fact that young Mr. Andrew is the son of a great man counts for anything with this Administration he may get the office.

ISAAC B. GARA, of Erie, is mentioned as a suitable person for the office of deputy secretary of the commonwealth. He filled the position for a while under Governor Geary, but resigned to accept the appointment of postmaster of Erie. He is a staunch Republican and an accomplished gentleman.

THE Punxsutawney *Spirit* having nominated Charles A. Dana, editor of the New York *Sun*, for President, that distinguished journalist returns his thanks for the compliment and remarks: "This is the first Presidential nomination that was ever made from Punxsutawney."

UNCLE RANDALL is engaged in his regular annual effort to convince a skeptical country that the Democracy is the great friend of American labor. The utterances of the Administration in favor of Free Trade make Uncle Randall's performance this year a little more spectacular than ever.

A CURIOUS feature of Secretary Lamar's annual report is the complaints he is forced to make of the indifference of the Democratic House to public interests. Measures urged by the department are passed by the Senate but fail in the House.

GENERAL NOTES.

Colored people of New York produced the "Lady of Lyons" last week.

The Portland, Ore., poundmaster has a dog which aids him in capturing other dogs.

The favorite winter sport at Erie is ice boating, and preparations are being made for its enjoyment.

It is proposed to make November 30 a national holiday in New Zealand, to be called Arbor Day.

A wild turkey flew into Hollidaysburg the other day and perched on the court house. A lawyer shot it.

Twenty-one barrels of flour are used daily in making bread for the 1,650 convicts in Sing Sing prison.

Alexander Pendleton of Norteport, Me., a veteran of the war of 1812, has just died at the good old age of 99 years.

It is charged that the doctors in the City of Mexico write their prescriptions in cipher, which can only be put up at a certain drug store.

A somnambulist in Albany, Ga., noted for his sleeping-walking feats shot one of his fingers off the other night while fighting two imaginary burglars.

A Brooklyn paper publishes the information that Schilling, the coachman son-in-law of Morosini, the banker, has enlisted as a United States marine.

Gen. Neal Dow, who was on the bond of his son in-law, Wm. E. Gould, the defaulting Portland cashier, has paid the $20,000 he was responsible for.

Nearly 2,500 bags of pecan nuts have been received in New England from Texas within a few days past. Most of the supply is said to be consumed in that section.

A number of eastern taxidermists are encamping among the Ten Thousand Islands, near Ponce de Leon Bay, Fla., slaying the now nestling feathery tribe by the wholesale.

A St. Louis syndicate has just acquired a 99 years' lease of a tract of land in Mexico, on the Rio Grande, 160 miles long and 6 miles wide. It will be used for a cattle pasture.

Neberto Garcia, at present in the hospital at Agua Calientes, Mexico, is 115 years old, having been born in 1771. He is in good health and appears able to live many years longer.

The manatee, or sea-cow, on exhibition in Philadelphia, died on Monday. It was one of the largest ever in captivity, and at the time it died the only one on exhibition in the world.

Miss Rose Cleveland's "yeasty quacks" are doubtless the villains who fomented the original "ghoulish glee" so vividly described to the Harvard assemblage by Miss Cleveland's big brother.

A lawyer's clerical error in the transfer of a certain piece of property in Kansas City, which in 1844 was sold for $850, has led to a lawsuit over the possession of the land, which is now valued at $200,000.

Workmen on a Georgia railroad the other day flushed a big bevy of quail that rose in such numbers and haste that they struck the telegraph wire and were killed. One bird had its head cut completely off.

Mme. Scalchi and her husband, Signor Lolli, have a delightful home near Turin, which in their absence is practically turned into a hospital and dispensary for the poor people of the neighborhood. It is called Sofina, after its mistress.

A well digger at Cave Springs, Mo., after digging down 20 feet, came upon a cave which had been explored for a quarter of a mile, and is said to be particularly interesting and beautiful on account of its abundant stalactites and stalagmites.

Not long ago a lot of chests of tea were seized in San Francisco on their arrival from China, and in the chests were found 3,003 five-tael boxes of opium and 456 pounds of partially prepared opium. This was sold at auction a few weeks ago and fetched over $25,000.

The United States man-of-war Adams is engaged in watching the steamer Vilcanoto, which recently left Callao for Central America flying the United States flag. She is supposed to have on board a filibustering expedition bound either for Central America or Ecuador.

The Irish washerwomen and American laundry proprietors of Newark have declared that the "Chinese must go." It is asserted that they will organize to boycott the heathen, while the Chinese are also thought to be preparing to form an organization for mutual protection.

The oldest printer in the United States is said to be Mr. Robert Smith, editor and proprietor of the Rockland County *Messenger*, Haverstraw, N. Y. He began work at the case when but ten years old. Very recently, although eighty years of age, he went to the case and set up a column of matter without apparent effort.

Report on the newspapers of the world has recently been laid before the Imperial German Diet. It would appear that there exists 34,000 newspapers, the total issue of which, during the year, amount to 592,000,000. Of these, 19,000 papers in Europe, 12,000 in North America, 775 in Asia and 609 in South America.

Tramp (to gentleman in City Hall Park)—"Will you kindly allow me to glance at your paper for a moment, sir? I am anxious to see the weather predictions." Gentleman (handing him the paper)—"Certainly. Are you interested in the weather?" Tramp—"Yes, sir. I live principally on wind, and I want to find out what I'm to have for dinner today."

Poetry.

TO MY WIFE.

Why need you care, dear wife, or heed
The passing of your early grace?
What though the illies supersede
The springtime roses on your face?
What though the azure of your eyes
Has mellowed to a softer blue?
The fairest tints that deck the skies
Are caught from twilight's fading hue.

Why should the ripened fruit regret
Its summer bloom, however so fair?
Why need you sigh, though Time should set
His crown of silver on your hair?
The sweetest fragrance of the rose
Is from its withering petals pressed
And nature spreads her earliest snows
Above the flowers she loves the best.

What care we for the vanished years,
Save for the fruit their summer's brought?
What care we for our fallen tears,
Save for the rainbows on them wrought?
Why should we mourn the joys we shared,
Or see them perish with regret,
Since on the fruit our hearts have fared,
And memory keeps the rainbow yet.

What though our winter time has come,
The summer's buds and bloom expire?
Love hath an ever radiant home,
And bids us welcome to its fire.
He sweet with us through all the spring;
We sheltered him from summer's heat;
Now at his hearth we'll sit and sing,
And let the white tempest beat.

THE BIRTH OF JESUS

Far in the desert east it shone,
A guiding star, and only one;
The other planets left the sky,
Trembling as if awaked on high,
The moon forgot her silvery light,
Abashed before that holier light.

The storm-clouds that on ether lay
Melted before its glorious ray;
Till half the heaven shone pure and clear,
Like some diviner atmosphere
Than ours, where heavy vapors rise
From this vile earth to dim the skies;
Meet herald of that promised day,
When souls shall burst the bond of clay:
And purified from earth-stains, come
Radiant to their eternal home.

On rolled the star, nor paused to shed
Its glory o'er the mountain's head,
Whereon the morning's sunshine fell,
Where eves last crimson loved to dwell;
The gilded roof, the stately fane,
The garden, nor the corn-hid plain,
The camp, where red watch-fires are keeping
Guard o'er a thousand soldiers sleeping,
But temple palace, city, pass,
That star paused in the sky at last.
It paused where roused from slumbers mild,
Lay 'mid the kine a new-born child.

—*Letitia E. Landon.*

HOW A PAPER IS MADE.

"Pray how is a paper made?
The question is easy to ask,
But to answer it fully, my dear,
Were rather a difficult task?
And yet I'll a backering way,
As the whip-poor-will sings in the glade,
I'll venture a bit of a lay
To tell how a paper is made.

An editor sits at his desk,
And considers the things that appear
To be climbing the thoughts of the world—
Things solemn, comic and queer—
And when he has hit on the theme
He judges it well to parade,
He writes, and he writes and he writes,
And that's how a paper is made.

An editor sits at his desk,
And puzzles his brain to make out
"Telegraphic;" tis squibble and mixed,
It is hard to tell what it is about
Exchanges are lying around;
While waiting dispatch displayed
He clips, and he clips and he clips:
And that's how a paper is made.

WHY I ADMIRE HER.

She does not prate of Browning
Whose works you have not read.
There is no laurel crowning
Her shapely little head.
She is not versed in Schiller
And Goethe and the rest.
She has no store of "stiller,"
As you perchance have guessed.

She knows no word of Dante
And his Italian crew,
Nor plays she "penny ante,"
As rapid maidens do.
No more knows she of Spence
Than of La Rochefoucauld.
On Darwin she is denser
Than other girls I know.

With Kant and Schopenhauer
Her speech she will not load,
But fortune other power
Upon her has bestowed.
Though Mill and Darwin tire her,
As she will frankly state;
Yet still I must admire her—
Her pumpkin pies are great!

Our Story Teller.

THE ELEPHANT TAMER.

[Continued.]

sang sharply, Captain Eaton found standing behind him a tall, gaunt Afghan, clad in dirty and tattered clothes, and carrying in his sinewy right hand a heavy iron ankrus or elephant driving-hook. He was evidently an extremely powerful man, and his face was in keeping with his stature, for it was a somewhat uncommon one. He was very dark for an Afghan, and had a huge hooked nose like the beak of a vulture. The expression of his mouth, partially concealed by a flowing black moustache and beard, was hard and stern. Under his bushy eyebrows gleamed a pair of dark, sunken eyes, painted round with henna, keen, fierce and unflinching, like those of a wild beast. As Eaton glanced at him, he thought he had never seen so forbidding a face.

"Who are you?" he asked.

"I am named Bux Khan; I am a Kandahari," replied the man in a voice of singular depth and power.

"What are you?"

"I am an elephant tamer."

"An elephant-tamer!" echoed the captain with a laugh. "Would you like to try your hand on this specimen?"

"If the Sahib will permit," was the quiet reply.

"By all means."

Without a word the Afghan tightened his waistcloth and settled his turban firmly on his head. Then grasping his driving-hook he stepped fearlessly up to the elephant and seizing it by one ear shouted, "Kneel down!"

Instead of immediately seizing him with its trunk, or attempting to drive its tusks through him, as all who saw it expected, the elephant shrank from the Afghan as far as it could, in evident fear. "Kneel down!" thundered the Afghan again.

To the amazement of the lookers-on, the elephant slowly bent its knees and lowered itself in a crouching attitude. But the low rumbling noise it made, and the quick movement of its ears and fierce little eyes, showed that, though overawed and startled, its savage nature was not subdued. Seizing the trailing ends of the chain round its neck, the Afghan made them fast. Then, to the horror of all who were looking on, he deliberately commenced to unfasten the chains by which the elephant was tethered.

"What are you doing? Let those chains alone!" shouted Captain Eaton.

The Afghan took no notice of the order.

"By Allah, I believe the man is mad!" exclaimed the old jemadar.

"Gracious powers, the brute will be loose in another moment!" ejaculated Capain Eaton, horror-struck at the impending danger. Stepping forward, he was about to seize the Afghan, in order to drag him out of the stable, when the elephant suddenly rose to his feet. It was too late. Its fore-legs and one hind-leg were free, and the Afghan was busy uncoupling the chain on its other leg. Shouting, "Run, run all of you!" Captain Eaton darted out of the stable, and ran at the top of his speed to his bungalow, outside the kheddah, to get his rifle, in the hope of being able to shoot the elephant before it did any damage. Another moment, and the huge beast was free. As the last chain fell from its leg, the Afghan sprang forward, and seizing the animal again by the ear, shouted in stentorian tones: "Kneel down! kneel down!"

With a muffled rumble, half of fear and half of rage, the elephant knelt for a moment on its hind knees. Leaping on to its bent leg, the Afghan clambered on to its back, and in another moment was firmly seated on its shoulders, with his legs securely twisted into the chain round its neck. A moment later, Shaitan strode out of the stable into the open yard with the Afghan on its back, and with head erect, extended trunk, and fiery eyes, ready to do battle with all creation. Its first effort was to get rid of its rider. Standing in the open, with one leg up-lifted, it endeavored to shake the Afghan off. But though his turban flew one way and his knife another, and his waistband was shaken loose, the Afghan kept his seat through the grip he had of the neck-chain with his legs. The instant the elephant stopped its efforts to shake him off, the Afghan raised his driving-hook, which he had never let go, and dealt some blows on Shaitan's head. Confused and maddened, Shaitan turned round and round, squealing with rage and fear.

Meanwhile, the whole kheddah was in the utmost confusion, and the uproar tremendous. All the elephant attendants had fled, some outside the kheddah, and others into the buildings in the yard, dragging their wives and children with them; while the rest had climbed on to the roofs of the sheds or on the walls. The elephants tethered in the sheds, excited by Shaitan's furious bellowing, were trumpeting shrilly in response, and straining heavily at their ropes and chains. The trembling elephant attendants, looking on from places of safety, expected every moment to see some huge tusker break loose, and what would happen then they knew only too well—a battle-royal between it and Shaitan.

Suddenly, with an ear-piercing trumpet, Shaitan rushed across the yard to where, tethered with two others, stood a sick elephant, quiet and listless. With one blow Shaitan knocked it down flat on its side. It then lowered its head to drive its tusks into the prostrate elephant; but upon being chastised by its rider, the Afghan, it recoiled, and again attempted, though unsuccessfully, to shake him off. Another attempt to attack the other elephants in the shed was frustrated by the Afghan in a similar way. All at once, with head up, and ears cocked, and tail stiff out behind, Shaitan turned and made straight across the yard for the great gate of the kheddah. By Captain Eaton's order, the gate had been shut and ponderous wooden bars drawn across it. Seeing the elephant coming, the men on the top of the walls and sheds shouted, in order to try and turn it. It went straight for it, however. There was a tremendous shock, a loud crash, and the next moment Shaitan was outside the kheddah, and careering down the street into the town with Bux Khan still on his back.

A few seconds later, Captain Eaton appeared running from his bungalow, carrying his heavy rifle. A glance at the shattered gateway showed him he was too late; but he determined to follow the elephant and shoot it as soon as possible. Calling on a couple of his men to follow him, he set off in the direction the elephant had taken. He had no occasion to ask the way; the crowds of excited natives that he met on the road showed the sensation that Shaitan had created as he passed. As Eaton neared the town, his anxiety lest he should be too late to shoot the animal before it had done some dreadful damage became intense. To his great relief, however, he found that it had gone through the whole length of the town without injuring anything or anybody. In answer to his inquiries, the natives told him that it was going at full speed as it passed and that the Afghan was still on its back. Captain Eaton followed the elephant for several miles beyond the town, but without overtaking it. At length, he gave up the pursuit, and returned to the kheddah, where he immediately ordered several fleet elephants to be got ready, and sent them off in charge of a number of steady picked men, whom he armed with rifles, to look for the escaped elephant. He determined to follow them as soon as he had seen to the elephant that had been attacked and thrown down by Shaitan, and had restored order in the kheddah.

About two hours later, while the captain was hard at work in the kheddah, a mahout, greatly excited, rushed in, exclaiming: "Sahib, Sahib! Shaitan is coming back, and that madman is still riding him."

"Has he been caught? Is he coming with the other elephants?"

"No, Sahib; he is coming alone, and that mad fellow is still on his back;" whereupon Eaton caught up his loaded rifle, which was leaning against the wall, and ran to the gate. He arrived there just as Shaitan entered the kheddah. But instead of a furious mad creature striding wildly along and trumpeting with rage there entered a quiet, silent, subdued elephant with hanging head, limp trunk, and slow, weary step. As Eaton raised his rifle to shoot it, the Afghan shouted: "Do not fire, Sahib. It is quiet now. I will take it to the stable and tie it up."

Though greatly inclined to do so, Captain Eaton did not fire, but, keeping at a safe distance with his eyes on it, determined to shoot it dead at first sign of intended mischief. Guided, however, by the Afghan, the creature walked slowly and quietly to its stable, and knelt at his order. The Afghan then descended from its back and made fast its legs with the chains. Having next ordered it to rise, he walked round it several times and patted its sides, speaking encouragingly, as it shrank from him in evident terror. Then, having arranged his disordered garments, Bux Khan stepped quietly up to where Eaton stood and made his salaam.

For the last three hours the captain had been boiling over with rage. That a strange Afghan, insane, as he supposed, should have come into the kheddah, released a mad elephant, and ridden off with it, after endangering the lives of all the people and elephants in the place, was an occurrence so extraordinary that he could scarcely find words to express his surprise and wrath. But when the same Afghan proved to be a sane man and brought the elephant back safe, quiet, and amenable to orders, his wrath changed to admiration. The man's great stature, his striking though forbidding face, his iron nerve and coolness, and the strange power he seemed to possess, impressed the Anglo-Indian greatly.

"Well, friend," he said, as the Afghan salaamed, "you have given us a great deal of trouble this afternoon, and put the lives of many people in danger."

"The Sahib gave me permisson to try and tame the elephant," replied the man quietly.

"That is true," said Captain Eaton; "but had I supposed for a moment that you were going to set it at liberty, I would never have given you permission. However, you seem to have been successful. Will the lesson you have given him be permanent? Will he remain quiet?

"While I am with him he will, Sahib."

"Would it be safe for me to go up to him now?"

"No, Sahib. Though he fears me, and will not attempt to attack me, it would not be so in your case. It will be dangerous for you or any one but myself to go near him for the present."

"What brought you here to-day?"

"I came to apply for work, Sahib."

"Well, as you have been so successful in taking the fiend out of that creature, you had better remain in charge of it till I have decided what is to be done." So saying, Eaton turned to the jemadar, and ordered the Afghan's name to be entered on the roll of mahouts at same rate of pay as that drawn by Shaitan's former mahout, who was given other work.

After having given various other orders and had a good look at the conquered Shaitan, the captain walked off to his bungalow. The result of his meditations that evening over the strange events of the afternoon was that next morning he wrote a long report to government, detailing what had happened, and strongly recommending that the elephant should not be shot, as ordered, but left in charge of Bux Khan, the elephant-tamer. He, however, requested permission to shoot it at once, without waiting for the sanction of government, in the event of its breaking out again.

CHAPTER II.

THE ELEPHANT-TAMER'S CHILD.

Next morning Bux Khan entered on his duties as the mahout of the elephant Shaitan. According to his prediction, Shaitan, after the severe lesson it had received, remained quiet and made no attempt to attack him. The animal would not, however, allow any one else to approach it; and an unfortunate fodder coolie, who carelessly went within its reach, while throwing it a bundle of grass, received a blow from its trunk that sent him to the hospital for several days. Bux Khan had consequently himself to do all the work connected with the elephant—to feed and bathe it, and to dress its sores, and to clean out its stable. He took it every day to work; and it wrought steadily and quietly, without evincing the slightest disposition to attack any of the other elephants. In fact Shaitan became to all intents and purposes a perfectly steady, hard-working elephant with the single fault that it was extremely dangerous for any person but its mahout to go near it.

The feat that Bux Khan had performed in subduing Shaitan made him, in the eyes of all who were employed at the kheddah, a sort of hero. None of them, however, could understand the strange power he seemed to exercise over the savage brute. Many of them attributed it to magic. An impudent fodder coolie ventured to ask him one day what was the charm he employed. But so fierce was the scowl with which the Afghan responded to the question that the man turned hastily away, and never afterward dared to speak to him. The peculiar temper and disposition of the elephant-tamer only served to confirm the opinion of his fellows that there was something uncanny about him. He was very taciturn, never speaking except on matters of business. Frequently, though addressed in a friendly manner, he would make no reply. When not at work, he would sit smoking for hours near his elephant, with his eyes on the ground, silent and motionless, and apparently oblivious of all surroundings. He would not associate with any of his fellow-mahouts, but cooked his own meals and ate them by himself. Bux Khan, however, won golden opinions from Captain Eaton by the way he did his work. Shaitan rapidly improved in condition and temper, and became as valuable and useful an animal as any in the kheddah.

About three days after his installation as Shaitan's mahout, Bux Khan applied one afternoon for an hour's leave of absence. On his return, he brought with him a little boy, about five years old, who was evidently his son, though as unlike him in many respects as it was possible to be. The child was exceedingly pretty, of a bright olive complexion, with an oval face, regular features, great soft black eyes, and long dark curling hair, descending to his shoulders. He was dressed in bright-colored clothes, and wore gold bangles and anklets. As Bux Khan entered the kheddah carrying the child, its beauty immediately attracted the attention of the people standing near, and many friendly remarks were made and salutations uttered. The Afghan, however, made no reply, and took no notice of anybody, but carried the child straight to his hut at the back of Shaitan's stable. There he remained undisturbed, every person in the kheddah having by this time learned better than to thrust his company or conversation on the elephant-tamer unbidden.

It very soon became evident that Bux Khan was passionately fond of his child, and also exceedingly jealous of any attention paid to it. He resented unmistakably any attempt on the part of strangers to patronize or pet the child, and would not allow it to play with the other children in the kheddah, of whom there were many. He rarely let it out of his sight, and tended it as carefully and gently as a mother her first-born. The child was as fond of him as he of it, and would lie in his lap as he sat smoking, pulling his beard with its little hands and laughing in his face with childish glee. At such times something like the ghost of a grim smile would pass over the elephant-tamer's rigid features, only to be exchanged for a dark frown should any stranger pass by and witness the little scene.

Something which happened one day effectually put a stop to any further disposition on the part of the people in the kheddah to take notice of the child. Observing one of the elephant attendants to be gazing very earnestly at the child as it was playing about, Bux Khan immediately concluded that he was casting an evil eye on it. Starting to his feet, the Afghan seized a heavy cudgel and rushed at the man. Luckily for himself, the fellow was a nimble runner, and succeeded in escaping unhurt. The matter was reported to Captain Eaton, and he was at first disposed to punish Bux Khan for the unprovoked attack; but afterward decided to pass it over, as the man attacked had not been hurt, and he thought it would do more harm than good to take notice of it. Nothing was known of the mother of the child; but there was a dark rumor current in the kheddah that Bux Khan had in a fit of jealousy murdered his wife, a young girl to whom he had been devotedly attached, and had since, gone mad with remorse. One thing was certain no one ventured to question him on the subject.

(To be Continued.

The REPUBLICAN is the leading paper in the County.

THE JAILER'S DAUGHTER.

"Have you been taking a walk, Amelia?"

"Yes, aunt."

And Amelia Webster divested herself of a plain but tasteful garden hat as she spoke.

She had just entered her aunt's bedroom, a large, commodious apartment on the ground floor of the hotel, where Mrs. Elliott was seated beside one of the windows.

"How can you stand these long walks of yours, Amelia, on such fearfully warm mornings?" asked her aunt, languidly using the palm-leaf fan which she was holding.

"It was rather warm," said Amelia, with a smile—by no means a brilliant smile, however—on that sad, beautiful face of hers. "Have you been receiving a visit, aunt, from pleasant Mrs. Carrington this morning? I met her in the outside hall just before I entered."

"Yes, Amelia; and she has been talking about you."

"About me?" spoken with some surprise.

"She wants you to be in the tableaux to-night. You've no idea, Amelia, what quantities of nice things she has been saying about your eyes, hair, and figure. The dress is simple—I believe plain black—and you are to carry a lamp in your hand and let down all your hair, and be a jailer's daughter to Charley Whitcombe's captive. You have seen Charley Whitcombe's haven't you?"

"Yes; but I am not acquainted with him," was Amelia's reply. "I hate to be disobliging, aunt; but, then, it will really seem very strange for me to mingle among those gay people downstairs."

"Why strange, Amelia?"

"You know why, aunt, quite as well as I could tell you."

Amelia Webster spoke in a low, tremulous voice, fixing her dark eyes upon the floor.

"Because you have made up your mind, Amelia, that there is no possible consolation for the grief which torments you. Is not that the reason?

"However," Mrs. Elliott continued, "you and I have had too many conversations on this subject for me to hope that the present one will influence you more than others have done. Concerning this request of Mrs. Carrington I shall have nothing further to say. Grant it or not, my dear, as you choose."

There was a little silence and then Amelia Webster arose from her seat and, approached her aunt, took one of the lady's hands, pressing it fondly.

"You believe, aunt, that all these conversations to which you allude as having taken place between us have been regarded by me with cold unconcern. You are wrong. I cannot rid myself of this feeling. I have striven in vain. To-night, however, I shall make one more effort."

"You will accede to Mrs. Carrington's proposal, Amelia?"

"Yes."

"You are a dear, good girl."

And Mrs. Elliott kissed the niece whom she loved with all a mother's fondness quite passionately on each cheek.

"I would rather be sent for when I am needed," Amelia said to Mrs. Carrington several hours later. "You know which is my room, do you not, Mrs. Carrington?"

"Oh, yes," answered that lady, not a little annoyed at Miss Webster's lack of interest in the tableaux which it had taken herself and Grace Hilton a fortnight to prepare. "I regret very much that there cannot be a rehearsal of the 'Jailer's Daughter,' by the way. But such a thing will be quite impossible, as Charley Whitcombe has gone to New York and will not arrive until 6 o'clock this evening."

From twilight until 9 o'clock that evening Amelia heard much bustle and laughter and hurrying to and fro in the hall beyond her chamber. After having made her simple toilet of some flowingly worn black material that clung about her beautiful figure in soft, graceful folds, the young girl sat quiet in her bedroom waiting for Mrs. Carrington's summons.

At last a knock sounded at the door, and without waiting for the knock to be answered, pretty Grace Hilton hurried quite precipitately into the room.

"They are waiting for you, Miss Webster," the young lady rapidly began; "but Charley Whitcombe—unreliable wretch that he is—has disappointed us, and is perhaps now in New York instead of keeping his promise to Mrs. Carrington. We were in despair about our last tableau—all the men in the house are so homely and un-Byronic looking—when my brother Jack said something about a Mr. Somebody-or-Other, who was so awfully handsome, and who had just arrived at the hotel for a single night on his way from Boston to New York, he has lately come from Europe, I believe."

"Certainly; I have no objection," Amelia answered. "Mr. Whitcombe is quite a stranger to me."

Amelia soon found herself standing among a group of ladies behind a curtain which separated the small miniature sort of stage from the audience assembled outside.

"Keep your eyes fixed on the ground," Amelia heard her hostess say, addressing her remarks to what seemed a gentleman's recombent figure at a short distance from where she was standing. "And when I touch the hand-bell raise them to hers; she will be just here at your right. And now please remain exactly as I have placed you until the 'Jailer's Daughter is posed."

Mrs. Carrington soon had Amelia in the graceful attitude of lifting her lamp high amid the dimness, Amelia being supposed to have stolen into the prison of her father's cabtive, actuated by whatever motive of mercy or love with which the audience might choose to explain her presence there.

The ladies withdrew from the stage, the requisite signal was given, and the curtain was slowly drawn aside. Suddenly Mrs. Carrington, of course invisible to the audience, sounded her handbell. The captive, obedient to his previous instructions, raised his eyes toward those of the jailer's Daughter.

"Eugene! Eugene! Is it you?"

Amelia Webster, with parting lips, with wildly-dilated eyes and rigid form, stood for a brief moment staring upon the face beneath her. And then before Eugene Rowley could reach her Amelia had sunk senseless to the ground.

A face was bending very close to hers when consciousness returned.

"Eugene," she murmured very faintly—Eugene," can it be you?"

"Yes, Amelia," he responded, with low, passionate fervor of tone, "it is I—saved miraculously from shipwreck, to meet you as I have met you this night!"

Prepare to Packer.

When a man becomes a politician, he rarely ever quits the business. He is as sure to keep on as is an inebriate, who was asked why he did not swear off.

"I am obliged to keep right on," was the reply. Whisky leaves a bad taste in my mouth. Have to take 'nother right off to get bad taste out of my mouth. That leaves fresh bad taste, then have to take 'nother to 'radicate that bad taste, and so on."

"I say, chappie, you known Simpkinson" "Yaas, I know him quite well." "Well, what do you think I've just heahd about him?" "I don't know, I'm sure something dweadful." "Dweadful! I'm going to bwing up chahges against him to expel him fwom ouah set," "What foah?" "Why, he was heahd to say 'molasses' weal plain the othah day." "Well, what of it? There isn't anything so vewy bad in that, is there?" "Why, don't you know, the English always say 'tweacle'?" "Oh, the howwid thing! Let's expel him wight away."

Hotel clerk (to farmer)—"Will you register, please?"

Farmer—"Will I do what?"

Clerk—"Register, sign your name in this book."

Farmer—"Not much, young feller. Ye don't git me to sign my name on paper. I've been caught oncet and that's 'nough."

Lady of the house (to tramp)—"What are you doing there?"

Tramp—"Alas! lady, I am so hungry that I am eating grass."

Lady—"Poor man! come around into the back yard where the grass is real high. You can make a full meal there."

Doctor—"What is that scar on your leg, Mr. Blank?"

Patient—"A dog-bite received in childhood."

"Goodness gracious? Didn't you get the hydrophobia?"

"No, I hadn't heard of hydrophobia at that time."

The Largest Farm in the World.

In the extreme southwest corner of Louisiana lies the largest producing farm in the world. It runs 100 miles north and south and twenty-five miles east and west, and is owned and operated by a syndicate of Northern capitalists. Their general manager, J. B. Watkins, gives an interesting account of this gigantic plantation, which throws the great Dairymple farm of Dakota into the shade completely. He was cornered by a *Post* reporter at the St. James Hotel last night and asked to give the particulars of his gigantic enterprise. "The million and a half of acres of land in our track," Mr. Watkins said, "was purchased in 1883 from the State of Louisiana and from the United States government. At that time it was a vast grazing land for the cattle of the few dealers of the neighborhood. When I took possession I found over 30,000 head of half-wild horses and cattle. My first work was to divide the immense tract into convenient pastures, establish athtions or ranches every six miles. The fencing alone cost in the neighborhood of $50,000.

FIVE THOUSAND MISTAKES IN WEBSTER.—This incident may not be known generally to our readers, and we venture to reprint it. When the unabridged edition of Webster's Dictionary first appeared (without a definition of the world "unabridged"), that great scholar, Caleb Cushing, wrote a criticism on the stupendous work, saying that, for its size, it had as few errors as could be expected. This puzzled the editors, who asked for an explanation of Mr. Cushing's information on the subject of those errors. In reply Mr. Cushing marked 5000 mistakes in the volume which had been presented to him and sent it back.

A Noble Education.

"Yes," said the mother, "Mary is very ambitious. She vows she will marry some foreign count or some grandee of some kind, and she wants to be accomplished."

"Accomplished?"

"Yes. Nothing will satisfy her short of being fitted to become the wife of a nobleman."

"And are you educating her?"

"Yes; I am teaching her how to wash and iron."

Sir Arthur Sullivan is said to have been very thrifty as a lad, so much so that when asked to sing at a company (he had a sweet treble in his youth) he expressed the view that he should be paid for his services. Said the greatly amused visitor: "But how much do you want for a song little, man?" "Sixpence," was the prompt reply. "What! Sixpence for only one song?" said the visitor. "Well," replied the future knight, I can't take less than sixpence. But I don't mind throwing you in three for a shilling."

All Sorts.

A new poem commences with the line, "I wish to die away from home." It sounds as if it might be rough on rats, but it isn't.

Regular caller—"I'd like to see your father, Tommy, if he isn't engaged." Tommy—"He is, but what is the matter with Clara? She isn't engaged."

A little chap, told by his mother to say his prayers and to ask for what he wanted, prayed "for one hundred brothers and fifty sisters." The mother hurried the little sinner off to bed before he could say Amen.

Tennis tournaments are flirting matches in disguise. And that is why bald headed men and slab-sided women have a little chance of being chosen to play as a cow has of getting into the kingdom of heaven.

"Mamma, what is color blind?" asked little Nell. "Inability to tell one color from another my dear." "Then I guess the man that made my geography is color blind, because he's got Greenland painted down yellow."

Scene in a hotel twenty-five years hence:

Guest to porter—"Can you tell me what time it is?"

Porter—"Yes, sir; it's half-past twelve. That'll cost you fifty cents, please."

"Now come and tell me, dearie, what was the most interesting thing in the sermon this morning?" "Why, mamma, it was where the minister told about taking somebody else 'apart;' but he didn't tell why it was done or how he was put together again."

An Indian chief who was visiting at Washington at government expense was introduced to a senator recently, who has a very bald head. The chief looked at him some moments with great interest. Finally he said: "Ugh! Where you fight Injun some time?"

A little "fresh-air-child" at Elkland, who had never seen a cow before, was watching the milking process with eyes full of astonishment. After looking on in silence for some time she drew near, and placing her hand on the cow's distended side, exclaimed: "Why, she's chock full of it, ain't she?"

A brakeman in the employ of the Delaware & Hudson Canal Company is a very obliging person and thoughtful withal. An excursion party, which included many young men and women, recently made a trip from Albany to St. George, and, as the train wound near a tunnel, of which there are a good many on the line, he would call out in stentorian tones: "Tents, choose your partners for the tunnel."

The Pennsylvania company has raised the wages of its freight brakemen and conductors working on the Chicago and Fort Wayne railroad. Night conductors who were getting $2.25 will now get $2.50, day conductors $2.40 instead of $2.25. The night brakemen will receive $1.95 and the day brakemen $1.85, a raise in each case of 10 cents. The advance has been sought by the men for some time past, and it gives considerable satisfaction.

Mr. Minks—"I met an old schoolmate to-day for the first time in forty years and we had a grand talk about old times." "Mrs. Minks—"It was a man, I suppose?" "Oh! yes, and as long as I've lived I never saw such a perfect example of contentment and earthly happiness as he is." "Did he marry anyone I know?" "No, he never married."

What one woman can do is illustrated by Jennie Collins, who, 15 years ago, was a tailoress in Boston working for her daily bread. Realizing the sorrows of a large class of shop girls, who must perforce live in cheap boarding houses and miserable lodgings, she thought out the idea of establishing a place for them where they could meet for social purposes and self help. With the aid of her employer, "Buffin's Bower," which has since become famous for the good it works, was established. Wendell Philips was a hearty and practical supporter of the enterprise.

Rays of Mirth.

An enthusiastic Indiana editor wrote: "The battle is now opened." But alas! the compositor spelt "battle" with an "o," and his readers say they have expected it all along.

The conductor exclaimed angrily: "Here! don't do that. You are wringing the bell at both ends of the car." "That's all right. Bedad, an' I want both ends of the car to shtop."

Wee Fanny bit her tongue one day and came in crying bitterly. 'What is it?" asked her mother. "Oh mamma!" she said, "my teeth stepped on my tongue."

BROWN'S IRON BITTERS

WILL CURE

HEADACHE
INDIGESTION
BILIOUSNESS
DYSPEPSIA
NERVOUS PROSTRATION
MALARIA
CHILLS AND FEVERS
TIRED FEELING
GENERAL DEBILITY
PAIN IN THE BACK AND SIDES
IMPURE BLOOD
CONSTIPATION
FEMALE INFIRMITIES
RHEUMATISM
NEURALGIA
KIDNEY AND LIVER TROUBLES

FOR SALE BY ALL DRUGGISTS

The Genuine has Trade-Mark and crossed Red Lines on wrapper.

TAKE NO OTHER.

Miscellaneous.

EXTRAORDINARY OFFER.

Wanting Employment.

[illegible] Active, Energetic and Capable Agents in every county in the United States and Canada, to sell a patent article of great merit, on its merits. An article having a large sale, paying [illegible] per cent profit, having no competition, and on which the agent is protected by an exclusive sale by a deed given for each and every county he may secure from us. With all these advantages to our agents and the fact that it is an article that can be sold to every household, it might not be necessary to make an "EXTRAORDINARY OFFER" to secure good agents at once; but we have concluded to make it to show, not only our confidence in the merits of our invention, but in its salability by any agent that will handle it with energy. Our agents now at work are making from $150 to $600 a month clear and this fact makes it safe for us to make our offer to all who are out of employment. Any agent that will give our business a thirty days' trial and fail to clear at least $100 in this time, ABOVE ALL EXPENSES, can return all goods unsold to us and we will refund the money paid for them. Any agent or general agent who would like ten or more counties and work them through sub-agents for ninety days and fail to clear at least $750 ABOVE ALL EXPENSES, can return all unsold and get their money back. No other employer of agents ever did or dared to make such offers, nor would we if we did not know that we have agents now making more than double the amount we guarantee, and but two sales a day would give a profit of over $100 a month, and that one of our agents [illegible] orders in one day. Our large descriptive circulars explain our offer fully, and we want to send it to everyone out of employment who will send us three one-cent stamps for postage. Send at once and secure territory for the boom, and go to work. Remember the name in our extraordinary offer. Remember, it might not be necessary to make an "EXTRAORDINARY OFFER" to secure good agents at once; but we have concluded to make it to show, not only our confidence in the merits of our invention, but in its salability by any agent that will handle it with energy. Our agents now at work are making from $150 to $600 a month clear and this fact makes it safe for us to make our offer to all who are out of employment. Any agent that will give our business a thirty days' trial and fail to clear at least $100 in this time, ABOVE ALL EXPENSES, can return all goods unsold to us and we will refund the money paid for them. Any agent or general agent who would like ten or more counties and work them through sub-agents for ninety days and fail to clear at least $750 ABOVE ALL EXPENSES, can return all unsold and get their money back. No other employer of agents ever did or dared to make such offers, nor would we if we did not know that we have agents now making more than double the amount we guarantee, and but two sales a day would give a profit of over $100 a month, and that one of our agents [illegible] orders in one day. Our large descriptive circulars explain our offer fully, and we want to send it to everyone out of employment who will send us three one-cent stamps for postage. Send at once and secure territory for the boom, and go to work. Remember the name named in our extraordinary offer. Remember, it might not be necessary to have the address of all the machine solicitors and carpenters in the country, and ask any reader of this notice, who sees this offer, to send us at once the address of all such they know, and we will [illegible] the best chance for employment ever offered. Address [illegible]

1 11 1y

Can't Sleep Nights is the complaint of thousands suffering from Asthma, Consumption, Coughs, etc. Did you ever try Acker's English Remedy? It is the best preparation known for all Lung Troubles, sold on a positive guarantee at 10c., 50c. WALTER W. BAYARD.

SCOTT'S EMULSION

OF PURE COD LIVER OIL And Hypophosphites of Lime & Soda

Almost as Palatable as Milk.

The only preparation of COD LIVER OIL that can be taken readily and tolerated for a long time by delicate stomachs.

AND AS A REMEDY FOR CONSUMPTION, SCROFULOUS AFFECTIONS, ANAEMIA, GENERAL DEBILITY, COUGHS AND THROAT AFFECTIONS, and all WASTING DISORDERS OF CHILDREN it is marvellous in its results.

Prescribed and endorsed by the best Physicians in the countries of the world.

For sale by all Druggists.

☞Send for Pamphlet on Wasting Diseases. Address, SCOTT & BOWNE, New York.

13 9 1y

Invalids' Hotel & Surgical Institute

BUFFALO, N. Y.

Organized with a full Staff of eighteen Experienced and Skillful Physicians and Surgeons for the treatment of all Chronic Diseases.

OUR FIELD OF SUCCESS.

Chronic Nasal Catarrh, Throat and Lung Diseases, Liver and Kidney Diseases, Bladder Diseases, Diseases of Women, Blood Diseases and Nervous Affections, cured here or at home, with or without seeing the patient. Come and see us, or send ten cents in stamps for our **"Invalids' Guide Book,"** which gives all particulars.

DELICATE DISEASES. **Nervous Debility, Impotency, Nocturnal Losses,** and all **Morbid Conditions** caused by **Youthful Follies** and **Pernicious Solitary Practices** are speedily and permanently cured by our Specialists. Book, post-paid, 10 cts. in stamps.

RUPTURE. **Rupture,** or Breach, radically cured without the knife, without trusses, without pain, and without danger. **Cures Guaranteed.** Book sent for ten cents in stamps.

PILE TUMORS and **STRICTURES** treated under **guarantee to cure.** Book sent for ten cents in stamps. Address WORLD'S DISPENSARY MEDICAL ASSOCIATION, 663 Main Street, Buffalo, N. Y.

DISEASES OF WOMEN. The treatment of many thousands of cases of those diseases peculiar to **WOMEN** at the Invalids' Hotel and Surgical Institute, has afforded large experience in adapting remedies for their cure, and

DR. PIERCE'S

Favorite Prescription

Is the result of this vast experience.

It is a powerful **Restorative Tonic and Nervine,** imparts vigor and strength to the system, and cures, as if by magic, **Leucorrhea, or "whites," excessive flowing, painful menstruation, unnatural suppressions, prolapsus or falling of the uterus, weak back, anteversion, retroversion, bearing-down sensations, chronic congestion, inflammation and ulceration of the womb, inflammation, pain and tenderness in ovaries, internal heat, and "female weakness."**

It promptly relieves and cures **Nausea and Weakness of Stomach, Indigestion, Bloating, Nervous Prostration, and Sleeplessness, in either sex.**

PRICE $1.00, OR 6 BOTTLES FOR $5.00.

Sold by Druggists everywhere. Send ten cents in stamps for Dr. Pierce's large Treatise on Diseases of Women, illustrated.

World's Dispensary Medical Association,

663 Main Street, BUFFALO, N. Y.

SICK-HEADACHE,

Bilious Headache, Dizziness, Constipation, Indigestion, and Bilious Attacks, promptly cured by **Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Purgative Pellets.** 25 cents a vial, by Druggists.

The Wealth We Represent

MRS. N. H. KNOX.

It is just dawning upon my mind how rich the Woman's Christian Union is! Verily, we have become millionaires without knowing it. Not in houses and lands, neither in silver and gold, do we lay claim to great possessions, but the organization has immense wealth in the love and faith, the prayers and consecrated talent of its members. The truth of this was impressed upon me as never before, during the recent Convention at Minneapolis, upon receiving a little note from one of our New Hampshire delegates who had expected to be present but was not in attendance. She said: "I had expected to start about this time for the grandest sight of my life. I have traveled thousands of miles in Europe and America, have visited the Pacific coast, and seen grandeur that has drawn tears of joy and admiration for the handiwork of my Maker. Yet I anticipated beholding grander sights—the Esthers, the Deborahs, the Miriams of the nineteenth century, with faces lighted up with love for God and humanity! I had expected to draw such inspiration from the commingling of faith and prayer with this noble band of workers, such as the world never saw before, for is not this golden chain of prayer and labor encircling the world? What a sight for God and angels! Heaven will open its windows and look down upon you in Minneapolis, and Satan and his hosts will be looking also. I trust the sight will make him tremble, and that the prayer of united faith will shake his kingdom more than the earthquake did Charleston. (God bless Sister Chapin. Prayer have been offered and tears have been shed in New Hampshire for her) And shall I say the eyes of all America, yea, of all Christian lands, will be looking also. May the sight rejoice the first, confound the second, and instruct the third! I am all alone to-day, reveling in the sunlight, both of nature and God's love, yet the tears will fall as I think of you all gathered together and I not there, but I shall be with you in spirit."

And thus it has been, while a few hundreds of these devoted women have gone on the yearly journey to help plan for greater things in the mighty contest that is raging "For God and home and native land," many thousand just as loyal and true have been adding their faith and works and prayers at home, denying themselves often of great privileges that they may thus increase the treasury of the W. C. T. U. God bless the noble women everywhere that make up the rank and file of this mighty temperance army, and who so nobly stand by the white flag of prohibition wherever it waves!

Neither ought we to be unmindful of our wealth in loyal husband and brave sons, whose love for the white cause runs parallel with ours. Place the wealth which we represent as an organization, in our noble workers, in our faithful friends, and most of all in our King of kings—place these beside the poverty of the liquor traffic and the liquor trafficker, and the contest seems almost ended, and victory well nigh won.

Of this we may be confident that the combined forces of the saloon power cannot overcome or destroy the influence of our wealth, which is represented not in silver and gold, but in heirship to a kingdom that owns Christ its King.

W. C. T. U. Column.

The consumption of intoxicating liquors in Maine is not to-day one-fourth so great as it was twenty years ago; in the country portions of the state, the sale and use have almost entirely ceased; the law [prohibitory] has created a temperance sentiment which is marvelous, and to which opposition is powerless. Our remarkable temperance reform of to-day is the legitimate child of the law,—*Wm P Frye, M C, and ex-Attorney-General of Maine; Lot M Morrill, U S Senator; Hannibal Hamlin, U S Senator; J G Blaine, M C, and Speaker of the House of Representatives; Joen Lynch, M C,* 1872,

Resolved, That it be recommended to the several legislatures of the United States to immediately pass laws, the most effectual, for putting an immediate stop to the pernicious practice of distilling grain, by which the most extensive evils are likely to be derived, if not quickly prevented,—Continental Congress, 1774,

And O Lord! grant that we may not despise our rulers; and grant that they may not act so that we can't help it,—Dr, Lyman Beecher in a public prayer,

What powerful persuasion to sin are the license laws! How idle to hope that men engaged in the traffic will abandon it while these laws remain unrepealed! Many will cherish a spirit of self-justificatian under the shield of the law; and thus the law will aid in perpetuating the evil,—Hon, Gerrit Smith in 1833,

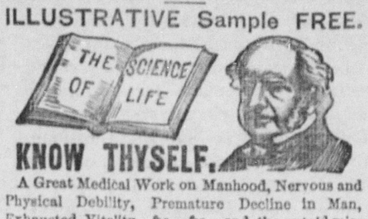
What excuse can we urge for the countenance given to the use of ardent spirits on almost every statute book? On one page you will read of heavy penalties denounced against drunkenness, riots and public disorder; and the next chapter authorizes the retail of the very poison which all admit brings on these outbreaking transgressions? - - - If men will engage in this destructive traffic, let them no longer have the law as a pillow, nor quiet conscience with the opiate of a court license,—Hon, Theo, Frelinghuysen, of New Jersey, in 1883,

Dissoluteness is inconsistent with self-government, - - Abolish the Sabbath and you have the commune in America, Abolish the Sabbbath and you have revolution, you have the sun of prosperity going down in darkness and in blood, May the Lord God of Lexington and Bunker Hill and Gettysburg avert the catastrophe! O men and women who believe in Christain things, O men and women in favor of popular liberty, stand up in solid phalanx in this Thermopylae of our national history, for the triumph or overthrow of Republican institutions in this country will certainly be decided in this Sabbatic contest,--Dr, Talmage, in 1885,

Miscellaneous.

EXHAUSTED VITALITY.

ILLUSTRATIVE Sample FREE.



KNOW THYSELF.

A Great Medical Work on Manhood, Nervous and Physical Debility, Premature Decline in Man, Exhausted Vitality, &c., &c., and the untold miseries resulting from indiscretion or excesses; 300 pages, substantially bound in gilt, muslin. Contains more than 125 invaluable prescriptions, embracing every vegetable remedy in the pharmacopœia for all acute and chronic diseases. It is emphatically a book for every man. Price only $1 by mail, post paid, concealed in plain wrapper.

ILLUSTRATIVE SAMPLE FREE TO ALL Young and middle-aged men for the next ninety days. Send now, or cut this out, as you may never see it again. Address Dr. W. H. PARKER, 4 Bulfinch street, Boston, Mass. 1

DYSPEPSIA.—Its Nature, Causes, Prevention and Cure. By JOHN H. McALVIN, Lowell, Mass., 14 years Tax Collector. Sent free to any address. 18 46 4t

FARMS on James River, Va., in Claremont Colony. Illustrated circular free. J. F. MANCHA, Claremont, Virginia. 18 46 4t

DEAFNESS Its causes and a new and successful CURE at your own home, by one who was deaf twenty-eight years. Treated by most of the specialists without benefit. *Cured himself* in three months, and since then hundreds of others. Full particulars sent on application. T. S. PAGE, No. 41 West 31st St., New York City. 18 46 4t

Are You CONSUMPTIVE.

Have you Cough, Bronchitis, Asthma, Indigestion? Use **PARKER'S TONIC** without delay. It has cured many of the worst cases and is the best remedy for all affections of the throat and lungs, and diseases arising from impure blood and exhaustion. The feeble and sick, struggling against disease, and slowly drifting to the grave, will in most cases recover their health by the timely use of PARKER'S TONIC, but delay is dangerous. Take it in time. Cures when all else fails. Gives new life and strength to the aged and infirm. $1 at Druggists.

18 46 4t

KNABE PIANOFORTES.

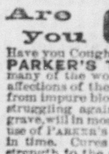
UNEQUALED FOR

Tone, Touch, Workmanship & Durability

WILLIAM KNABE & CO.,

Nos 204 & 206 West Baltimore St., Baltimore

No. 112 Fifth Avenue, New York. 18 46 4t

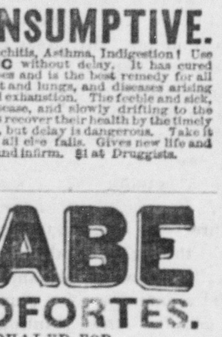


Brewster's Patent Rein Holder.

Your lines are where you put them—under horses' feet. One agent sold 12 doz. in 5 days, one dealer sold 6 doz. in 15 days. Samples worth $1.50 FREE. Write for terms.

E. E. BREWSTER, Holly, Mich.

ELY'S Cream Balm *Gives Relief at once and Cures* COLD in HEAD CATARRH HAY FEVER. *Not a Liquid, Snuff or Powder. Free from Injurious Drugs and Offensive odors.*



CATARRH HAY-FEVER

A particle is applied into each nostril and is agreeable. Price 50 cents at Druggists; by mail registered, 60 cts. Circulars free. ELY BROS Druggists, Owego, N. Y.

THE NEW QUININE.

KASKINE

WHAT THE PHYSICIANS SAY ABOUT IT IN

Rheumatism, MALARIA, DYSPEPSIA, NERVOUS DEBILITY, LIVER, LUNG AND KIDNEY DISEASE.

The eminent and celebrated Dr. Gleasner writes, *The Kaskine Co.*—DEAR SIRS—"The first greatest successes I had with Kaskine were in chills and fever, malaria, nervous debility, rheumatism, dyspepsia, and liver diseases and I considered at that time it was undoubtedly the best medicine ever discovered but I was even then unfamiliar with its really wonderful powers in curing all the other germ diseases and disorders, particularly where the blood had become diseased or impoverished and the digestion impaired. Strictly speaking, Kaskine is the only blood purifier we have. I use it also very largely with unfailing success in all diseases peculiar to women and children. In over three hundred cases I have cured there has never been the slightest bad effect following its use, and it is far superior to any tonic or nerve medicine ever known to the medical profession." Very truly yours,

L. M. GLESSNER, M. D., 369 East 21st St., N. Y.

Prof. W. F. Holcombe, M. D., 51 East 25th St., N. Y., (late Prof. in N. Y. Med. College) writes: "Kaskine is superior to quinine in its specific power, and never produces the slightest injury to the hearing or constitution."

The U. S. examining surgeon, Dr. L. R. White, writes: "Kaskine is the best medicine made."

St. Francis Hospital, N. Y.: "Every patient treated with Kaskine has been discharged cured.

Bellevue Hospital, N. Y.: "Universally successful."

St. Joseph's Hospital, N. Y.: "Its use is considered indispensable. It acts perfectly."

Kaskine is pleasant to take and can be used without special medical counsel

Send for the great list of testimonials unparalleled in the history of medicine. $1.00 per bottle. Sent by mail on receipt of price

THE KASKINE CO., 54 Warren St., New York. 18 48 4

BENSON'S CAPCINE POROUS PLASTER

Highest Awards of Medals in Europe and America.

The greatest, quickest, safest and most powerful remedy known for Rheumatism, Pleurisy, Neuralgia, Lumbago, Backache, Weakness, colds in the chest and all aches and pains. Endorsed by 5,000 Physicians and Druggists of the highest repute. Benson's Plasters promptly relieve and cure where other plasters and greasy salves, liniments and lotions, are absolutely useless. Beware of imitations under similar sounding names, such as "Cap-icum," "Capsicle," "Capsicine," as they are utterly worthless and intended to deceive. ASK FOR BENSON'S AND TAKE NO OTHERS. All druggist. SEABURY & JOHNSON, Proprietors, New York. 18 46 6m

Miscellaneous.

Important Notice!

HEADQUARTERS FOR

GALVANIZED and PLAIN WROUGHT IRON PIPE,

CAST IRON,

TERRA COTTA

DRAIN PIPE,

FITTINGS OF ALL KINDS,

plumbing and steam fitting, light and heavy castings and general machine work,

BELLEFONTE, PA.

———)o(———

Agents for

CUSTER CO.

—)FOR THE(—

LANSING WAGON.

Every wagon warranted and sold at a fair price. Call and see us at

THE LOCAN FOUNDRY, BELLEFONTE, PA.

[BUCK & BUSH.]

18 26 tf

CHRISTIE'S

School of Business,

Kreamer's Commercial Building,

CORNER MAIN AND MILL STREETS,

LOCK HAVEN, PA.

This institution is devoted to the specialty of imparting business knowledge, and to qualifying the young and middle aged of both sexes by new and practical methods for the responsible duties of business life. Rates moderate. Advantages superior. For particulars address

$350 PER MONTH.—*Salary and Commission,* to competent Manager for this City or State Agency. A splendid combination *Our* AUTOMATIC GAS GOVERNORS save 33 per cent. in gas bills. *Our Silver Gas Lights* can be attached to any fixture, instantly changing the dull, sickly, yellow flame of any gas to a soft, mellow, luminous white, increasing brilliancy 50 per cent. Over 8,000 in service. Address,

THE UNION NATIONAL GAS SAVING CO., 21 East 14th St., New York. 35 3m

MEN WANTED

to sell for the HOOKER NURSERIES. Established 1835. Good Pay All the Year Around on salary or commission. Send for terms

H. E. HOOKER CO., Rochester, N. Y. 18 37 8t

W. P. Duncan & Co.

BELLEFONTE, PA.

ENGINEERS & MACHINISTS

BELLEFONTE

PATENT WATER WHEEL,

Steam Engines,

CIRCULAR SAW MILLS,

ROLLING MILL

AND

Grist Mill Machiner

16a812-tf

THE CENTRE DEMOCRAT

BookBindery.

The Only Book Binding Establishment in Centre County.

We have purchased an entire new outfit for the Book Binding business, and have engaged one of the

BEST BINDERS

in the State, MR. JOHN LINGLE, late foreman of the Patriot Book Bindery of Harrisburg, and are therefore prepared to bind all kinds of

BOOKS,

PAPERS,

MAGAZINES,

BLANK BOOKS,

PAMPHLETS,

LAW BOOKS,

HOTEL REGISTERS,

&c., &c., &c

POCKET-BOOKS, HYMN BOOKS TRAVELING BAGS AND SATCHELS LETTERED.

Old Books Re-Bound.

All binding will be done at our establishment. No work will be sent away for binding. You are thus saved the express charges and commission.

All Work Guaranteed.

ADDRESS THE

CENTRE DEMOCRAT BOOK BINDER

HARRIS BLOCK,

Bellefonte Penna.

1741

Professional Cards.

LAND SURVEYING. Grateful to the public for past favors, I shall continue in the business, and shall endeavor to give satisfaction to all my patrons. Office with D. F. Fortney, Esq., in Conrad House.

18 11tf JAMES D. GORDON, Bellefonte, Pa.

R. B. CHAMBERS, Attorney at Law. Office at the south-west corner of the Diamond. All business promptly attended to. 17 12 1y

JOHN KLINE, Attorney-at-Law, Bellefonte, Pa. Office on second floor of Furst's new building north of Court House. 16 17 tf

S. D. RAY, Attorney-at-Law, Bellefonte, Pa. Special attention given to the collection of claims. Office, south-west corner of Diamond near Brockerhoff House. 13-21f

D. H. HASTINGS. W. F. REEDER

HASTINGS & REEDER, Attorneys-at-Law, Bellefonte, Pa. Office on Allegheny street, two doors north of office formerly occupied by the late firm of Yocum & Hastings. 13-40-1y

J. G. LOVE, Attorney-at-Law, Bellefonte, Pa. Office in rooms formerly occupied by the late W. P. Wilson. [a4'7t-tf

PATRICK O'FARRELL, Attorney at Law, WASHINGTON, D. C. Solicitor of Patents, Claims and Pensions. Increase of Pensions a specialty. Officer's muster corrected, Back pay collected, Soldiers who have lost their discharges can obtain new certificates. Charge of DESERTION removed. Question blanks, instructing parties how to state their cases, furnished free. Write for information. 17 35 tf

Banks and Bankers.

E. C. HUMES, Pres't..... J. P. HARRIS, Cash't

FIRST NATIONAL BANK of Bellefonte Allegheny Street, Bellefonte, Pa. v6n1-1y

Shaving Saloons.

WM. MILLS

FASHIONABLE BARBER AND HAIR DRESSER.

Pleasant rooms and experienced workmen under Centre county bank building High street, Bellefonte, Pa. aug 17 1m

M. S. GRAHAM,

FASHIONABLE BARBER

In basement of the Conrad House, Bellefonte, Pa. The best of razors, sharp and keen, always on hand. He guarantees a shave without either pulling or pain. Perfumery, hair oil, hair restoratives, etc., constantly on hand. *Warm and Cold Baths.* 5-11

Physicians and Dentists.

DR. J. D. GEISSINGER,

DENTIST.

A graduate of the Pennsylvania College of Dental Surgery, Philadelphia, has permanently located in Bellefonte, Pa., for the practice of Dentistry in all its branches, including the treatment of diseases of the mouth.

Office over Lyon's store on Allegheny st.

Hotels.

COLUMBIA HOUSE,

Nos. 111 and 113 North Broad Street (above Arch)

PHILADELPHIA, PENN'A.

Directly opposite Academy of Fine Arts; three squares from Academy of Music and Horticultural Hall; one block from the new City Hall and the Pennsylvania railway passenger depot; adjoins the National Surgical Institution; half block from Masonic Temple and within three squares of the Philadelphia & Reading passenger depot.

TERMS, $1.50 PER DAY

MRS. ELIZABETH A HUTTON Proprietress 14-2tf

PERCHERON HORSES.

My recent importation of Percheron horses, together with my present stock of nearly 100 head, make one of the most desirable studs in this country to select from. All stock recorded, with pedigree, in Percheron Stud-Books of France and America. Took 27 prizes and gold medal at last two N. Y. State fairs. Send for Catalogue. Station ESSENDORF, on Southern Central R. R. JOHN W. AKIN, Scipio, N. Y. Box 36.

51 23

F. P. GREEN,

DRUGGIST,

Bush House Building, Bellefonte. Keeps constantly on hand, or orders on short notice, a full assortment of everything usually kept in a first class drug store. Particular attention given to preparing physician's prescriptions, and family receipes. 6 1 1y

INSURANCE.

INSURANCE effected on all kinds of Properties, in Companies of undoubted strength and security, at standard rates.

INSURE AGAINST LOSS AND DAMAGE BY

FIRE AND LIGHTNING

9 9-1y. GEORGE L. POTTER, (Furst's Building.) High street, Bellefonte

A. V. SMITH,

(Successor to Harry Teats & Co.)

GROCER,

61 High Street,

OPPOSITE BUSH HOUSE

BELLEFONTE, PA.

Miscellaneous

Marvellous Sewing Machine Invention!

Wonderful Blessing to the Ladies!

The Continuous Rotary Motion!

MAKES WORK

Twice as rapid as on other machines.
Twice as easy as on other machines.

Genuine Improved Bent Wood Work.
Beautiful and Practical Attachments.
Send for descriptive circular.

C. C. EMMONS,

PITTSBURGH, PA.

Wholesale Dealer for Western Pennsylvania and Western Maryland.

PENNSYLVANIA

STATE COLLEGE.

Fall Term Begins Sept. 8, 1886.

This institution is located in one of the most beautiful and healthful spots of the entire Allegheny region. It is open to students of both sexes, and offers the following courses of Study:

1. A Full Classical Course of four years.
2. A Latin Scientific course.
3. The following ADVANCED COURSES, of two years each, to owing the first two years of the general Scientific Course: (a) AGRICULTURE; (b) NATURAL HISTORY; (c) CHEMISTRY AND PHYSICS; (d) CIVIL ENGINEERING.
4. A short SPECIAL COURSE in Agriculture.
5. A short SPECIAL COURSE in Chemistry.
6. A reorganized Course in Mechanic Arts, Combining shop-work with study.
7. A new Special Course (two years) in Literature and Science, for Young Ladies.
8. A Carefully graded Preparatory Course.
9. Special Courses are arranged to meet the wants of individual students.

Military drill is required. Expenses for board and incidentals very low. Tuition free. Young ladies under charge of a competent lady Principal.

For Catalogues, or other information, address GEO. W. ATHERTON, LL.D., *President,*

8-tf *State College, Centre Co., Pa.*

OPENS TUESDAY, SEPTEMBER 21.

$500 A YEAR. $125 QUARTERLY.

WITHINGTON C. SHORTLIDGE'S ACADEMY

For Young Men & Boys, Media, Pa

12 miles from Philadelphia. Fixed price covers every expense, even books, &c. No extra charges. No incidental expenses. No "finishing." No examinations for admission. Twelve experienced teachers, all men, and all graduates. Special opportunities for apt students to advance rapidly. Special drill for dull and backward boys. Patrons or students may select any studies or choose the regular English, Scientific Business, Classical or Civil Engineering course. Students fitted at Media Academy are now at Harvard, Yale, Princeton and ten other Colleges and Polytechnic Schools. 10 students sent to college in 1883, 15 in 1884, 10 in 1885, 16 in 1886. A graduating class every year in the commercial department. A Physical and Chemical Laboratory, Gymnasium and Ball Ground. 1 000 volumes added to Library in 1886. Physical apparatus doubled in 1883. All students board with the Principal. Excellent table. Boys may room alone. Media has seven churches and a temperance charter which prohibits the sale of all intoxicating drinks. For new illustrated circular address the Principal and Proprietor, WITHINGTON C. SHORTLIDGE, A. M. [Harvard Graduate], Media, Pa. 18 35 1y

Percheron HORSES.

Island Home Stock Farm

Grosse Isle, Mich.

All stock selected from the get of sires and dams of established reputation and registered in the Books. We have a very large number of [illegible] and grade stallions and brood [illegible] for sale. Prices reasonable. Correspondence [illegible] for large illustrated ca[illegible] Address SAVAGE & F[illegible]

SWAYNE'S

THROAT & LUNG TROUBLES CONQUERED BY SWAYNE'S WILD CHERRY

SWAYNE'S VERMIFUGE THE CHILDREN'S MEDICINE

TO KEEP HEALTHY 1. EXERCISE DAILY 2. EAT GOOD FOOD 3. BE CHEERFUL 4. USE SWAYNE'S PILLS.

SWAYNE'S PANACEA PURIFIES SYPHILITIC BLOOD.

LONDON HAIR RESTORER (ENGLISH) DR. SWAYNE & SON SOLE AGENT.

OINTMENT

THE GREAT CURE FOR

ITCHING PILES & SKIN HUMOR

SYMPTOMS Moisture, Intense itching and stinging, most at night—worse by scratching—very distressing. If allowed to continue tumors form which often bleed and ulcerate, becoming very sore.

SWAYNE'S OINTMENT Stops the itching and bleeding, heals ulceration, and in many cases removes the tumors. Sent by mail for 50 cts.

PREPARED ONLY BY DR. SWAYNE & SON, PHILADELPHIA. SOLD BY Druggists

DR. SWAYNE'S REMEDIES OLDEST IN U. S.

18 24 1y

Bellefonte Republican.

BELLEFONTE, CENTRE CO., PA.,

A Weekly Political and Family Journal

CIRCULATION THROUGHOUT CENTRAL PENNSYLVANIA.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION:

One year, in advance.....$2 00
Six months.....1 00
Three months.....50

No paper will be discontinued until arrearages are paid, except at the option of the publisher.

Papers sent out of the county must be paid for in advance.

EDWARD T. TUTEN, - *Editor and Proprietor*
HIRAM TORREY, - - *Corresponding Editor*

REGULAR ADVERTISING RATES.—Twenty cents a line for first insertion.

Special Notices, Twenty cents a line each insertion.

Annual and Six Months' Contracts at Special Rates

Two Fatal Fires.

ST. LOUIS, December 12.—About 2.50 o'clock yesterday afternoon the roof of Shapleigh & Cantwell's hardware store, No. 414 to No. 420 North Main street, fell in, carrying the four floors beneath it to the basement. The fourth floor was loaded with agricultural implements, the third with shelf goods, and the second with sample goods. Immediately after the crash the ruins caught fire from the boiler in the basement, and a general alarm was sounded, summoning the entire fire department. The water thrown on the Shapleigh building seemed to have no effect, and the firemen directed their attention to saving the adjoining buildings. Men stood within twenty feet of the burning mass with the huge lines of hose emptying their contents into the roaring furnace. Shortly after the fire started the north wall of the building fell in, which materially lessened the danger to the firemen and made easier the work of saving the adjoining buildings, and by 3.30 the fire was under control. Most of the inmates of the building escaped with slight bruises, and as far as can be learned to-night only three are missing. They are John Mahan, porter; Arthur W. Palmer, clerk; Chas. E. Reid, clerk.

BOSTON, December 12.—Shortly before 7 o'clock yesterday morning a terrible explosion occurred in the steam supply station of Hazlett & Underwood, at East Cambridge, by which several men were seriously wounded and two were probably injured fatally. On First street are several large furniture factories which receive their power from Hazlett & Underwood's station. The power station was a building about forty feet square, three stories in height and was scarcely more than a wooden shell. In the boiler room was an immense bin piled high with shavings, which were the fuel used under the boilers. There was a number of workmen in the engine room this morning when the explosion took place, men who were employed in the neighboring factories and who had stopped on their way to work. The explosion occurred without a moment's notice, and the unfortunate men present were shrouded in one great sheet of flame. There was no way of escape until outside assistance was rendered.

Harry Newhall, the engineer, was standing near the shaving bin when the explosion occurred, and was fairly covered with burning shavings. He managed to rush out, a mass of flames, and threw himself into the snow, rolling over until the fire was extinguished. He was fearfully burned, the flesh hanging in strings from his arms, while his hair was completely burned off. He may possibly recover, although at a late hour to-night his case was considered critical. Fireman Albert Murray was badly scorched on the head and body, but will recover. Joseph Sears was badly burned, but his injuries are not considered fatal. Joseph Livenzea, 19 years of age, was horribly burned about the face and neck, and the hospital surgeons say he cannot possibly recover. The cause of the explosion is a mystery. It may have been caused by a spark in the shaving bin, or, as the room had no ventilation, it may have been caused by the generation of inflammable gas from the great pile of sawdust. The loss to the building will be fully $2,000.

Perpetual Motion at Last.

READING December 12.—A great deal of curiosity is manifested here relative to an invention by D. J. Daley, a young mechanic who came to the city several months ago from Brockville, Canada. It is nothing more nor less than perpetual motion. The machine consists of a horizontal shaft upon which is mounted a wheel, about the perimeter of which is a continuous tube, bent in the form of projecting loops, fitted with springs in which metallic balls are continually traversing. Skilled mechanics have examined the machine and pronounced favorably upon the principles followed. Whether or not it can be utilized for power remains to be demonstrated. Daly is having the invention patented. His model was constructed in Philadelphia, and on account of the plausibility of the plan the Patent Office permitted him to make it much larger than the regulation models. He has already received flattering offers for the invention.

A Young Lady in Trouble.

PITTSBURG, December 18.—Ida Baldridge, a young daughter of ex-Postmaster Baldridge, of Greensburg, Westmoreland county, was arrested at that place this morning for robbing the mails. She was well and favorably known in town and her arrest caused intense surprise.

GREENSBURG, December 13.—The arrest of Miss Ida Baldridge, daughter of ex-Postmaster James C. Baldridge, of this place, on a charge of robbing the mails, has created much excitement, and is the sensation of the hour. Miss Baldridge is a beautiful young lady; in fact, one of the belles of the town, well liked by all who know her, and has always been considered a model young woman, and the news that she had been arrested by a government detective was not credited until fully verified by later intelligence. Her reason for doing as she did is a mystery to everyone here, as she did not need the money, and it is generally believed that she is a confirmed kleptomaniac. Her family have the sympathy of the whole community.

A Fire.

CHAMBERSBURG, Pa., Dec. 12.—The large grain elevator of the Western Maryland railroad at Greenvillage, Pa., and operated by Robert Chambers, of Chambersburg, was destroyed by fire yesterday morning. Mr. Chambers, who sleeps in the building, was horribly burned in his efforts to escape. The contents consisted of about 2,500 bushels of grain and feed, upon which there is an insurance of $3,900, of which the Washington fire and marine company, of Boston, has $1,500, and Home of New York $2,400. The building was insured for $4,500.

Cleveland Doesn't Know It.

WASHINGTON, D. C., December 12.—The statement was published to-day to the effect that Secretary Manning and Attorney General Garland will shortly retire from the cabinet. The president has no knowledge and has had no intimation from any quarter, from any public branch of the cabinet, and so far as he knows there is no truth in the story.

WASHINGTON, D. C., December 12.—Secretary Manning said to a reporter of the Associated Press to-night that he had not even so much as thought of resigning and that his health is improving daily.

Will Is Suit Mr. Randall?

PHILADELPHIA, December 13.—It is settled that Hensel will retire from the chairmanship of the democratic state committee when that body meets in January. Several names have been canvassed for the succession, among the most prominent being that of Dallas Sanders. Strong objections are made to Sanders, however, because he is from Philadelphia, the general desire being to have a man from the country.

In this view the sentiment of the party appears to be turning in the direction of General R. M. Speer, of Huntingdon, who made the splendid fight for Dill in 1878, and who is thoroughly honest and aggressive, and is both brilliant and safe. The selection of Mr. Speer by the committee, it is understood, would be entirely acceptable to Mr. Randall and his friends, and would be a long and firm step in the direction of party harmony.

Death of an Ex-Governor.

ADRIAN, Mich, Dec. 13.—Ex-Governor Charles M. Croswell died at nine o'clock this morning, after ten days illness. He leaves a widow, son and two daughters. He was born at Newburg, New York, October 31, 1826, and came here with an uncle in 1837. He was present at Jackson in 1854, when the Republican party was organized. For several years he was a law partner of Judge T. M. Cooley. After filling various municipal officers, he was elected to the state senate, where he served several terms. In 1876 he was elected governor and in 1878 re-elected.

Fatally Burned in a Mine.

SCRANTON, Pa., Dec. 13.—Fire Boss David Davis and a miner named John Mahon were burned by an explosion of gas in the Bellevue mine this morning. Davis, as has been his custom, visited the mine before the miners went to work to ascertain if it is free from gas. A small body of gas had accumulated since Saturday night in Mahon's chamber and the men brushed this out as they supposed. Davis then lighted his lamp and an explosion followed, the force of which hurled the men against the face of the coal. Davis' injuries were pronounced fatal by the physician who was summoned to the mine. Mahon will recover.

Fire on a Steamboat.

MEMPHIS, Tenn., December 14.—It is currently rumored here that the elegant steamer J. M. White, running between Vicksburg and New Orleans, burned at an early hour this morning near Baton Rouge, La., and that sixty lives were lost. The J. M. White was built in 1878 at a cost of $225,000, and was regarded by many as the finest and the fastest boat ever run on the Mississippi river. The boat was owned by Captain John W. Tobin. She was valued at $100,000; the cargo at $90,000. The insurance on the boat is $20,000; on the cargo, doubtless fully covered.

NEW ORLEANS, December 14.—Several survivors of the disaster reached this city to-day. Colonel James, who was in his state room, managed to get ashore and had to walk two miles without a coat, hat or shoes in the chilly winds before he could reach the railroad station. He was taken to his home on his arrival, where he is in a critical condition. He stated that the sight was horrifying and could not be told. Colonel James also positively declared that there must have been sixty persons lost, because out of sixty-five in the cabin he could only see himself and four others, among whom were H. C. Brown, state engineer; E. Dinery, a barber; Fred Gray, a porter, and J. Callins, deck watchman.

The Commissioners Were at Fault.

HARRISBURG, Dec. 14.—In 1873 the legislature repealed the act taxing horses and cattle but many county commissioners remained ignorant of the legislative action and continued to assess and collect the tax and pay it into the state treasury. A considerable number of counties tax was collected in 1875, 1876 and 1877 and in Lackawana county the year 1878 to 1879 were included. The state board of revenue commissioners have just rendered a decision allowing the counties that have collected this tax after its repeal credit in settlements for the amount overpaid to the state. The amount involved is about $180,000.

The reports of Auditor General Niles and State Treasurer Quay are being prepared for the year ending Nov. 30. The receipts during the year were $7,520,711.12; balance in treasury Nov. 30, 1885, $1,784,541 86, making the total receipts $9,304,752 42, leaving a balance in the treasury of $2,101,457.57.

That McQuade Jury.

NEW YORK, December 14.—In the McQuade trial this afternoon Andrew and Nisbitt, who had made affidavits that Jack Rosenberger, one of the jurors, was a friend of John Keenan and on terms of intimacy with the boodle aldermen, Farley and Sheets, were brought into court, where they were sworn and acknowledged their statements. The defense took exception to this proceeding before the jury but, after consultation, declined to make any suggestion. The recorder then stated he would reserve his decision and ordered the trial to go on, Consel Newcombe audibly commenting about bulldozing the jury.

Briefs.

LANCASTER, Penn., December 12.—While the Pennsylvania railroad freight train, of which Conductor Duncan is in charge, was passed along near Steelton yesterday morning about 3 o'clock he discovered a man lying in the ditch beside the track. The train was stopped, and upon examination the man was found to be dead, with two bullet holes in his breast. There were two bullet holes in his hat also, which article was lying near the body. A revolver which had two of its chambers empty lay alongside the body. The body was taken to Steelton, where it was recognized as that of James McGovern, a resident of Jersey City, who had worked in the Steelton works until Thanksgiving day, when he was discharged. The man may have died by his own hand, but foul play is suspected.

LANCASTER, Pa., Dec. 12.—James, alias "Reddy" Jacobs, a notorious character of this city, in a quarrel with his brother-in-law, Ellsworth Quigley, last night, stabbed the latter in the abdomen, the wound resulting in Quigley's death this morning. Immediately after the stabbing Jacobs disappeared and has not yet been apprehended. The quarrel originated from Quigley's protesting against Jacobs' abusing his children.

CHICAGO, Dec 12.—Mrs. McClure and her grown daughter and son were asphyxiated by coal gas last night at their residence in the suburban town of Maplewood.

GREENSBURG, Pa. Dec. 13.—In a drunken brawl at an early hour this morning Robert Coleman, a hostler in Stovey's livery stable, was killed by a coal miner named Rully, who struck him on the head with a sharp instrument of some kind. Rully has been arrested. He was intoxicated at the time and denies all knowledge of the crime.

CONSTANTINOPLE, Dec 12.—An earthquake yesterday was felt in Smyrna and through the Island of Chios. The disturbance made fissures in walls and in fronts of houses in all parts of the territory affected.

OMAHA, Dec. 12.—John S. Prince, who won the six days' bicycle race, made 767 miles and 9 laps, beating the best record by 27 miles.

NEW YORK, December 13.—In accordance with the invitation of the San Francisco association the twenty-seventh international convention of the Young Men's Christian association will be held in that city early in May 1887.

BALTIMORE, Md., Dec. 13.—The case of the two Herbst brothers arrested some time ago on a charge of being concerned in an alleged conspiracy to defraud the Glen Rock, Pa., National Bank, was before Commissioner Rogers to-day. The president of the bank and Seitz, special examiner employed on the books of the bank, testified in relation to the business transactions. Hearing was not concluded.

PITTSBURG, Dec. 13.—The 24 coal miners convicted of riot and conspiracy for addressing meetings in the fourth pool during the great strike in 1885 and sentenced to 6 months' imprisonment, gave themselves up to-day and were sent to the workhouse. A strong effort is being made to have them pardoned.

QUEBEC, Dec. 13.—The amendment from Cardinal Taschereau read in the Catholic churches here yesterday prohibits Catholics from attending the meetings of the Salvation Army. Tracts and hymn books distributed by the Salvationists must be thrown into the fire.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 13.—Mrs. Nancy A. Newkirk, of Bentleyville, Pa., and Wm. Hamill, of Hamill, Pa., were among the postmasters a pointed to-day.

ITHACA, N. Y., December 13.—Homer Head, aged 40 years, shot his wife Flora to-night and then killed himself. Mrs. Head is still living and it is thought jealously was the probable cause of the deed.

WASHINGTON, December 13.—Attorney General Garland received a telegram to-day announcing the death of his brother, Rufus K. Farland, at his home near Prescott, Arkansas.

HARRISBURG, Pa., December 13.—The resignation of Mr. Orr, of Chambersburg, as trustee of the state insane hospital, has been received and accepted by Governor Pattison.

ADDITIONAL LOCAL NEWS.

Lines from Loveville.

WHICH TELL ALL THE NEWS OF THAT SECTION, INCLUDING PERSONAL, EDUCATIONAL AND OTHER EVENTS.

LOVEVILLE, Dec. 13, 1886.

Colonel Ebbs, who has been working in Altoona, was home on Sunday.

Mr. Samuel Wilson and wife were in Philipsburg last week.

The Loveville school house looks rather dilapidated on the outside, but presents a different view on the inside. The teachers and scholars are indebted to Mrs. Whippo for her donation of beautiful bouquets and chromos.

The Loveville Literary Society is now in a flourishing condition. The society will hold its next meeting on December 17. The question for debate on that evening is: "*Resolved*, That the Navy of the United States should be increased." This with a number of suitable selections and declamations will constitute the programme.

Mr. Osburn Whippo was in Hublersburg over Sunday attending a funeral. He was accompanied by his wife and family.

Mr. C. L. Gates, of Bellefonte, was at his parents home on Thursday, the 9th, helping to butcher. We believe his chief object was to aid in getting away with a large turkey, as town chaps admire that kind of work.

In our last lines appeared mention of the illness of Mrs. Wilson. She is still dangerously ill with typhoid fever. Mrs. Taylor, who lives close to Mrs. Wilson, has been very low with the same disease.

Mrs. Jennie Beck is on a western tour in Iowa. She expects her trip to be prolonged several weeks.

Mr. Fink, father of William Fink, postmaster of Loveville, has been visiting his son in this place. He was accompanied by his wife. They returned to their home in Newry, Blair county, on Thursday last.

It is with sorrow that we write a notice of the death of one of our most prominent citizens, Mr. Benjamin Buck, of near Loveville. He died Thursday, the 9th, at 11.45. His death was caused by heart disease and dropsy. He had been sick for some time, but was not confined to his room till shortly before his death. The members of his family who survive are: His wife, two daughters and a son. Mrs. Buck still has excellent health; the son has been managing his father's property for several years past and is a gentleman of business ability; the two daughters are married. The deceased was born and raised in this valley and spent all his life on the farm where he died. He was 62 years of age.

This morning at 8.10 the Gatesburg church bell tolled for the death of Miss Luella Musser, the beautiful singer, to whom we referred in these lines a few months ago. Her death is as strange as it is sad, and we hope that in the near future all the facts connected with her death will be fully known. The event is exciting the people for miles around.

CLAY.

Some Suitable Christmas Gifts.

Only a little more than one week remains until Christmas and that no mistakes need be made in giving presents we will mention a few which will be appropriate. You know it is not well to give all persons the same kind of a present. What will please one will not please another at all.

There is not a present which P. Gray Meek could receive which would be more acceptable to him than the appointment to the position of bank examiner. To be sure, such an appointment would make almost any editor glad, but it would scare some editors out of their boots to be commissioned to examine the banks, and would turn their heads to look at so much money. Mr. Meek is prepared for it and can stand it.

Mr. Feidler wants 3,000 more subscribers for his paper, and will take them for a Christmas present. Some people might suppose that he has enough, but he is like Alexander—never satisfied. "You see," he cogitates with an eye to the future: "If I had 3,000 more, I could make them give me all the county printing; then I would be happy." But what need a man care for county printing if he gets the state printing? Logically, the greater includes the less.

Frank Bible has chuckled over the news that Calamity Hensel is to be deposed from the chairmanship and thinks he helped to bring about the deposition. A suitable Christmas present for him would be an appointment to the position.

Jackson Lafayette Spangler, Esq., would like best the gift of shaping events next year as to make himself the candidate for Congress. He is deeply thankful that he escaped the odium this time of standing in Alphabetical Hall's shoes. He hopes to try it sometime after Patton has retired.

General Beaver realizes that there are many applicants for every position and what he would like for a Christmas present is about a million more offices to fill, so that he could satisfy some of his friends with an appointment.

Col. Daniel Hastings realizes that the cup of his ambition is full and running over, but he does not wish to be missed this Christmas. Long ago he was sure of being Adjutant General and wont call that a Christmas present. He hopes some of his friends will think of something else.

Secretary Schaeffer wants some one to present a few handsome volumes of current literature to the Y. M. C. A. library.

Happenings at Howard.

HOWARD, PA., Dec. 14, '86,

Our Democratic school board employs none but Democrats for teachers.

We have a saw mill man who says he will employ none but Democrats to work his mill. None but Democrats should patronize him.

There is a prospect of Howard works starting up four of her puddling furnaces soon.

George Tipton has returned home on a visit from South Bend, Ind., where he is connected with a book publishing house.

One day last week Ed. Smith and John Strunk brought home from the mountains a nice "spike buck." This is the second deer that Ed. has helped capture this season.

Howard's boss tinner, Anson Schenck, returned from the mountains on Monday last where he met with good success in capturing mountain sheep, but lost a very valuable dog.

On last Monday afternoon, Dec. 13, 1886, the mortal remains of Elder Nathan J. Mitchell were interred in Woodwards cemetry. The deceased was born in 1808 and died at Lock Haven Friday, Dec. 10, 1886. He was the first preacher to establish the "Church of the Disciples," formerly known as "Campbellites," in Centre county. He was an able exponent and forcible speaker and had preached the Gospel for more than forty years in this valley acceptably to most of the people.

James Antis, merchant of this place, has shipped his merchandise and household goods to Little Rock, Ark., where he intends to make his future home.

About Hogs.

Harry McDowell, of Marion township, this county, recently killed five hogs which averaged 445 pounds each. Their respective weights were 432, 548, 452 and 456 pounds.

James Wyble, of Howard borough, slaughtered two hogs that weighed 440 and 463½ pounds, respectively.

Howard borough's good looking Chief of Police, Jacob Diets, killed a hog that tipped the beam at 425 pounds.

Samuel Kline, of the same place, killed three hogs which averaged 358½ pounds each. Their respective weights were 361½ 376 and 399 pounds.

Clarence Cook, the Nimrod of Howard, slaughtered a hog, the lard from which weighed 258½ pounds, the carcass being so heavy that it broke the scales.

It is Creditable.

There is no better evidence of the superior character of the population of Bellefonte than the fact that the streets of the town are so perfectly safe at night. Whoever heard of any one being attacked or even stopped at night by suspicious looking persons? Such things are so extremely rare as to be almost beyond remembrance. The streets are safe for ladies or gentlemen at any hour of day or night to an extent that can be affirmed of very few other places of similar size. Perhaps to the efficiency of the Bellefonte police is due at least part of the credit.

LITTLE LOCALS.

—Nights are long.

—Skating continues good.

—Many strangers in town.

—All the merchants are busy.

—Stories about big hogs are numerous.

—Bellefonte seems quite healthy at present.

—The Christmas turkey is uttering its last gobble.

—The show Tuesday night was—well, it was about "so so,"

—There are no changes in either grain or produce markets this week.

—Tramps are not very numerous or troublesome in Bellefonte just now.

—We understand that the High School will not close until next Wednesday.

—There is a happy family of white kittens at Gerberich, Hale & Co's flouring mill.

—The slight fall of snow Wednesday developed into a sort of a 2-for-a-cent blizzard.

—All the members of the Reformed church are delighted with their new minister.

—Ice cutting is in progress, but the quality of the ice is not equal to that of last week.

—Four large cars filled with anthracite coal were brought to town on Tuesday evening by the train on the Lemont road.

—The basement apartments to be made under Mr. Crider's building, on the corner of the Diamond, will soon be finished.

—The Church of Christ in Clinton, Centre and Lycoming counties will hold a quarterly meeting at Mill Hall on Friday evening, Dec. 17.

W. C. T. U. Column.

"The liquor traffic will not die without a fierce resistance. There may be a stormy time before us, but even so, let men take their sides. In the enduring record of that great struggle, I desire that my name may be found upon the roll of the Grand Army of Liberation; that army whose onward course is attended by the sympathies, the hopes, the prayers of countless thousands; that army whose career further ages will contemplate with admiration, and whose victories coming generations, in joy and gratitude, will bless. Its movements are watched with beating hearts by hapless captives whom it strives to free, and to whom the echoes of its footsteps are musical with glad tidings of fetters soon to be broken, and of peace, happiness, and liberty, near at hand. The world has witnessed the overthrow of many oppressions, and celebrated the rending of many chains, but there is room for a grander jubilee yet than any earth has seen. It will be when the people conquer one of the strongest passions that ever overpowered, enslaved, and degraded humanity; it will be when brother, to free his brother, will sacrifice his own pleasures, if he should deem them so; it will be when the nations, contemplating the woe, the wreck, and ruin wrought by this deadly traffic, will sweep it and all its fatal seductions from their midst, and will agree henceforth to class it with the once reputable, but now banned and outlawed traffic of man in his fellow-man.—*The late Alexander M. Sullivan, of England.*

"Prohibition doesn't prohibit, because men sell liquor and get drunk where prohibition exists," say the friends of license. Suppose we use the same argument in other matters—for instance: Christianity doesn't Christianize, because there are sinners in the world. Wisdom doesn't make wise, because fools are still to be found. Cultivation doesn't cultivate, because weeds still come up in the field. Education doesn't educate, because it doesn't exterminate the ignoramuses that persist in such silly arguments as the above.

Punish the liquor-dealer who sells whisky to the drunkard, but give free rein to him when he sells it to your son or your neighbor's son who is just starting hellward by that shortest and surest route.

—Courting is always the same in winter and summer. Only now it is conducted differently than in July. Then they swung together in the hammock and talked about ice cream; now they sit by the fire or beneath buffalo robes in a stylish cutter and both endeavor to bite the same piece of candy at one time. Although seeming so different it is really the same.

—Good times are coming for Bellefonte, and the one who first uses the car works in which to operate some useful manufactory will reap the largest profits. Just notice what valuable buildings they are and how cheaply they can be bought or leased.

—Renovo seems to be infested with a crowd of noisy boys who pelt people with snow balls when the snow is in proper condition for that purpose and who stone houses at night, often terrifying the inmates.

—Scarlet geraniums, white and colored lilies and many other flowers make some of the windows attractive.

—The arrival of so many trains keeps the depot employes exceedingly busy.

SPECIAL MENTION.

Without Adequate Cause,

Or with apparently no cause at all, chills and fever, thought to be cured, germinates and refructifies in the system. This giant among diseases cannot be laid out with quinine. The only way to give it a final and extinguishing quietus, is to use persistently the national antidote to miasma poison, Hostetter's Stomach Bitters, which roots it out completely. The process of cure is, of course, much easier if the Bitters is used as a preventive, when the first chill is felt, but persons who are not acquainted with the nature of the symptoms are sometimes in error as to their cause, and neglect the simple and pleasant remedy, of all others best suited to check the progress of this dreaded and destructive malady. Visitors to, or sojourners in, malarious localities will, moreover, act the part of wisdom if they use the Bitters as a preparative. Rheumatism, constipation, billiousness, indigestion and kidney troubles are removed by the Bitters.

Acker's Blood Elixir is the only Blood Remedy guaranteed. It is a positive cure for Ulcers, Eruptions or Syphilitic Poisoning. It purifies the whole system, and banishes all Rheumatic and Neuralgic pains. We guarantee it. WALTER W. BAYARD.

English Spavin Liniment removes all Hard, Soft, or Calloused Lumps and Blemishes from horses, Blood Spavin, Curbs, Splints, Sweeny, Ringbone, Stifles, Sprains, Swellings, etc. Save $50 by use of one bottle. Warranted. Sold by F. POTTS GREEN, Druggist, Bellefonte.

Fall and Winter season of 1886-87. Full line of Woolens of every *description style and color.* Leave your order now.
MONTGOMERY & Co.,
Tailors.

Convenient pleasant, and certain in their results, are Acker's Dyspepsia Tablets. Recommended by physicians and endorsed by all who have used them. The best remedy for Dyspepsia, Flatulency, and Constipation. Guaranteed, and sold at 25c. by WALTER W. BAYARD

ITCH, PRAIRIE MANGE, and SCRATCHES of every kind cured in 30 Minutes by WOOLFORD'S SANITARY LOTION. Use no other. This never fails Sold by F. POTTS GREEN, Druggist, Bellefonte. 39 3m

Bellefonte Markets.

CORRECTED EVERY MONDAY.

BELLEFONTE, December 15, 1886.

Red Wheat, new, per bushel	$ 80
Mixed Wheat new	75
Buckwheat	40
Rye per bushel	50
Corn (shelled)	45
Corn (ears)	40
Oats	30
Cloverseed, fair to good	4 00
do prime to extra prime	4 25
do choice	4 50
Flour, retail, per barrel	4 60
Flour, wholesale	4 00
Hay, choice timothy, per ton	$10.00-$12 00
Nova Scotia plaster	8 55

Provision Market.

Corrected by Valentines Store Co., "Limited."

Apples, dried, per pound	8
Cherries dried, per pound, seeded	12
Dried currants, per lb	10
New raisins, per lb	12½
Beans per quart	8
Fresh butter per pound	28
Cheese per pound	16
Country hams per pound	12
Hams, sugar cured	15
Shoulders	10
Breakfast Bacon	12
Country Bacon	8
Lard per pound	8
Eggs per doz	25
New Potatoes, per bushel	40
Dried beef	20
Canned Beef per pound	25
Country side, per lb	8
Canned tomatoes per can	12½-15
Canned corn "	10-12½
Lemons per doz	30
Dried sweet corn per pound	10
Apple butter, per gal	50
Roller flour, per sack	1 25
Tomatoes, per bus	40
Apples "	80

Miscellaneous.

ROYAL

BAKING POWDER

Absolutely Pure.

This powder never varies. A marvel of purity, strength and wholesomeness. More economical than the ordinary kinds, and cannot be sold in competition with the multitude of low test, short weight, alum or phosphate powders. *Sold only in cans.* ROYAL BAKING POWDER, Co 106 Wall St., N. Y. 18 17 15

S. & A. LOEB'S

RED LETTER SALE

GREAT MARK DOWN! TO COMMENCE

SATURDAY, DECEMBER 11TH, 1886.

OUR ENTIRE STOCK MARKED DOWN!

We Can Give Only a Partial List of Prices this Week.

Men's Over Coats	Reduced	from		$20 00 to 15 80
do	do	do		18 00 to 14 70
do	do	do		17 50 to 14 00
do	do	do		16 00 to 12 90
do	do	do		15 00 to 12 00
do	do	do		12 00 to 9 00
do	do	do		11 00 to 8 50
do	do	do		10 50 to 8 40
do	do	do		7 50 to 5 65
do	do	do		5 50 to 4 25
do	do	do		3 50 to 2 00
do	do	do		7 00 to 5 00
Boy's and Children's Over Coats		Reduced	from	6 00 to 4 30
do	do	do		5 00 to 3 80
do	do	do		4 50 to 3 30
do	do	do		3 50 to 2 40
do	do	do		2 50 to 1 80

Men's Suits, (Black Cork Screw and Diagonal),				
Reduced	from			$20 00 to 17 00
do	do	do	do	18 00 to 15 25
do	do	do	do	16 50 to 14 00
do	do	do	do	15 00 to 12 40
do	do	do	do	14 00 to 11 20
do	do	do	do	12 00 to 9 50
do	do	do	do	10 00 to 8 00
Fancy Cassimere Suits,	Reduced	from		$16 00 to 12 60
do	do	do		15 00 to 11 80
do	do	do		14 00 to 10 90
do	do	do		10 00 to 7 75
do	do	do		7 50 to 5 25
do	do	do		5 00 to 3 75

A lot of Fancy Cassimere Suits, of which there are only one or two left, marked down to half-value.

Boys' and Children's Suits	Reduced	from		$14 00 to 11 00
do	do	do		12 00 to 9 40
do	do	do		10 00 to 7 75
do	do	do		8 00 to 6 00
do	do	do		6 00 to 4 00
do	do	do		5 00 to 3 65
Men's and Youths' Pants	Reduced	from		$ 6 00 to 4 90
do	do	do		5 00 to 3 75
do	do	do		4 00 to 3 00
do	do	do		3 00 to 2 25
do	do	do		2 50 to 2 00
do	do	do		2 00 to 1 60
do	do	do		1 50 to 1 00
do	do	do		1 25 to 90
do	do	do		1 00 to 75

MEN'S AND BOYS' UNDERWEAR REDUCED IN PRICE.

ALL OUR GENTS' FURNISHING GOODS REDUCED IN PRICE. Immense Reduction in the Price of Our Boots and Shoes.

A Full Assortment for Men, Ladies, Boys, Misses and Children. You will be astonished at the prices.

WE HAVE THE LARGEST STOCK OF DRESS GOODS IN CENTRAL PENNSYLVANIA, MARKED DOWN TO SUCH PRICES THAT ARE BOUND TO SELL THEM.

SHAWLS, FLANNELS, BLANKETS, PRINTS, MUSLINS, TABLE LINENS, NAPKINS AND TOWELS, REDUCED IN PRICE. Our Large Stock of Ladies' Misses' and Children's Garments, consisting of New Markets, Wraps and Jackets, reduced at least 25 per cent. in price. Big reduction in the price of our CARPETS, OIL CLOTHS, and WINDOW SHADINGS. Our entire line of NOTIONS, HOSIERY, GLOVES, FANCY GOODS AND TRIMMINGS REDUCED IN PRICE.

We are unable to take so complete an invoice of our stock as to give you the reduction in price on each article in to-day's issue of this paper. We expect to give you more astonishing figures on additional goods next and following weeks. Now is your time to come and buy your goods, as these prices are bound to make them go. Our object in giving you these low prices is for the purpose of reducing our immense stock. The sale is for a limited time only.

THIS IS A RED LETTER SALE. THE PRICE OF EACH AND EVERY ARTICLE IS MARKED IN PLAIN RED FIGURES FROM WHICH THERE IS NO DEVIATION.

S. & A. LOEB,

Allegheny Street, Bellefonte, Pa.

BIG STORE.

A Plea for the Meeting this Evening.

There will be a meeting in the Rink to-night at 7:30 for men, both old and young, rich and poor; and oh, my brothers, I beg and implore you to come and listen to truths that cannot but have an effect upon your future lives. It is a glorious opportunity offered you through the Women's Christian Temperance Union. Do not let it pass by unimproved. The speaker is full of Christian earnestness and zeal, and presents facts in such a way as to rivet the attention of his audience. Come one—come all.

A WHITE RIBBON.

THE Civil Service Commission has not yet investigated the Philadelphia Postoffice, and the chances are that it never will. The commission thus deliberately ignores an opportunity to secure one of the biggest contracts for whitewashing ever offered.

THE remark of Carter Harrison, of Chicago, that when running for office he would gladly accept the vote of the devil was wholly unnecessary. Everybody knows that if Harrison were running the devil wouldn't be long in making up his ticket.

—The trout captured by F. Potts Green during the summer are still swimming around in his aquarium and look as bright and strong as if in their original home. One of them has grown to be immense in size.

THE Philadelphia *Press* is exposing abuses in the Cumberland county jail.

THE celebrated Chaplain McCabe will be in Philipsburg next Sunday.

Judge Furst is holding court in Huntingdon county.

The Ingenious Frenchman.

Historian in Boston Record.

A Frenchman had been assigned to a very comfortable room, and was about to disrobe when there came a knock at the door. Upon opening it the announcement was made by an attendant that owing to an unusual arrival of guests, etc., the proprietor would be obliged to put another gentleman into the room, and a cockney Englishman appeared. The Frenchman was disgusted, of course, and at once set his wits to work to devise means to oust the intruder upon his comfort. Pretty soon the Englishman touched the call button and, when the summons was answered, said:

"Portah, bring me a pair of large, clean towels."

The door had hardly closed when the Frenchman touched the button, and, upon the boy's appearance, said:

"Garcon, bring me two pair large, clean towel."

The other frowned, performed his ablutions, followed by the Frenchman, when he again touched the button.

"Portah, send me up a bottle of Bass ale."

The Frenchman followed suit at once, demanding "two bottel Bass ale." The Englishman was now annoyed, but he held his peace, and a little later, made another call upon the porter which was immediately double-duplicated by the Frenchman. Then he began to lose his temper, and after a fourth demand and another—to him—insult from the Frenchman he struck the button so violently that the porter appeared again in hot haste.

"Boy," said he, angrily, "go to the proprietor at once, and tell him I must have a bed in a room by myself, where I can rest in peace."

The boy had hardly reached the stairs when the Frenchman called him back, and, gesticulating wildly, made known his wants as follows:

"Garcon, garcon, vill you tell ze proprietoire to come here ver quick? By gar, I moost have two bed in two room vere I can rest myself in two pieces."

That settled the Englishman, and his tormentor had the room to himself without further trouble.

Medical.

The Oft Told Story

Of the peculiar medicinal merits of Hood's Sarsaparilla is fully confirmed by the voluntary testimony of thousands who have tried it. Peculiar in the combination, proportion, and preparation of its ingredients, peculiar in the extreme care with which it is put up, Hood's Sarsaparilla accomplishes cures where other preparations entirely fail. Peculiar in the unequalled good name it has made at home, which is a "tower of strength abroad," peculiar in the phenomenal sales it has attained,

Hood's Sarsaparilla

is the most popular and successful medicine before the public today for purifying the blood, giving strength, creating an appetite.

"I suffered from wakefulness and low spirits, and also had eczema on the back of my head and neck, which was very annoying. I took one bottle of Hood's Sarsaparilla, and I have received so much benefit that I am very grateful, and I am always glad to speak a good word for this medicine." MRS. J. S. SNYDER, Pottsville, Penn.

Purifies the Blood

Henry Biggs, Campbell Street, Kansas City, had scrofulous sores all over his body for fifteen years. Hood's Sarsaparilla completely cured him.

Wallace Buck, of North Bloomfield, N. Y., suffered eleven years with a terrible varicose ulcer on his leg, so bad that he had to give up business. He was cured of the ulcer, and also of catarrh, by

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Sold by all druggists. $1; six for $5. Prepared only by C. I. HOOD & CO., Apothecaries, Lowell, Mass.

100 Doses One Dollar

THE fact that the Socialistic disturbance in Milwaukee last summer cost the state of Wisconsin $2,000,000 seemed to be a pretty good argument for doing away with the features of our system that furnish fuel to the socialistic discontent.

"Isn't it awful?" exclaimed Bella, looking up from the newspaper; "one hundred Cossacks lost." "Quite a hardship, no doubt, responded Clara languidly; "but then you know, how much worse it would be had they been Newmarkets. Cossacks, you know, haven't been fashionable for some time."

A Pessimist: Exemplary Clerk—"Can I have a week's holiday, if you please, sir? A-a domestic affliction, sir—" Employer—"Oh, certainly, sir, Mr. ——. Dear me! I'm very sorry! Near relative?" Clerk—"Ah-ye'-n'--that is -you misunderst—what I mean, sir -I'm going to be married!"

Every great and commanding movement in the annals of the world is the product of enthusiasm.

1887.

NEW YORK

WEEKLY HERALD

ONE DOLLAR A YEAR.

Greatest and Cheapest Family Journal

IN THE UNITED STATES.

ALWAYS BRIGHT AND RELIABLE.

Every Number an Epitome of the News of the World.

THE FOREIGN DEPARTMENT

Is unequalled. Latest and most accurate Cable Specials by the

COMMERCIAL CABLES.

Fullest Telegraphic Reports of all Current Events

SPECIAL FEATURES.

Practical Farming; articles on Science, Art, Literature, the Drama, Music, Religion, Fashions and Chess.

INFORMATION ON ALL SUBJECTS.

Address, JAMES GORDON BENNETT,
NEW YORK HERALD,
18 49 2m New York City

FOR SALE.—A GOOD HOUSE, with all out buildings and one acre of land; making a very desirable home, in Moshannon, Snow Shoe township. Look out for a bargain Apply soon to
J. H. WEAVER,
18 47 1m Philipsburg, Pa.

ST. NICHOLAS
for 1886-87.

Stories by **Louisa M. Alcott** and **Frank R. Stockton**—several by each author.

A SHORT SERIAL STORY by MRS. BURNETT, whose charming 'Little Lord Fauntleroy' has been a great feature in the past year of ST. NICHOLAS.

WAR STORIES FOR BOYS AND GIRLS. Gen Badeau, chief-of-staff biographer, and confidential friend of General Grant, and one of the ablest and most popular of living military writers, will contribute a number of papers describing in clear and vivid style some of the leading battles of the civil war. They will be panoramic descriptions of single contests or short campaigns, presenting a sort of literary picture-gallery of the grand and heroic contests in which the parents of many a boy and girl of to-day took part.

THE SERIAL STORIES include "Juan and Juanita," an admirably written story of Mexican life, by Frances Courtney Baylor, author of "On both Sides;" also, "Jenny's Boarding-House," by James Otis, a story of life in a great city.

Short Articles, instructive and entertaining, will abound. Among these are: "How a Great Panorama is Made," by Theodore R. Davis, with profuse illustrations; "Winning a Commission" (Naval Academy), and 'Recollections of the Naval Academy;" "Boring for Oil" and "Among the Gaswells," with a number of striking pictures; "Child-Sketches from George Eliot," by Julia Magruder; Victor Hugo's Tales to his Grandchildren," recounted by Brander Matthews; "Historic Girls," by E. S. Brooks. Also interesting contributions from Nora Perry, Harriet Prescott Spofford, Joaquin Miller, H. H. Boyesen, Washington Gladden, Alice Wellington Rollins, J. T. Trowbridge, Lieutenant Frederick Schwatka, Noah Brooks, Grace Denio Litchfield, Rose Hawthorne Lathrop, Mrs. M. B. Piatt, Mary Mapes Dodge, and many others, etc., etc.

The subscription price of ST. NICHOLAS *is $3.00 a year; 25 cents a number. Subscriptions are received by booksellers and newsdealers everywhere, or by the publishers. New volume begins with the November number. Send for our beautifully illustrated catalogue (free) containing full prospectus, etc. etc.*

THE CENTURY CO., New York.

FOR SALE.—

Farm containing 233 acres, 15 cleared and under cultivation.

This property is pleasantly situated at STORMSTOWN, in HALFMOON VALLEY, and partly surrounds the Town, thus giving the owner the many advantages of the nearness to Stores, Post-Office, Church, School and Society of the town. There is, on this farm, a good Bank Barn, an Orchard and a constant Stream of spring water through it, passing through barn yard

Price low and terms easy to an energetic man with a little money. For information address,
H. A. McKEE,
18 49 3t Bellefonte, Pa.

STRAYED.—Came to the premises of Samuel and Isaac Gray, in Huston twp., some time in August last, two heifers, rising in three years old, one entirely red and the other red and white spotted, fork cut out of end of each ear, and also a piece cut out under part of ear. These cattle have been at the premises of Isaac Gray, in Patton twp., since the 1st of November, last. The owner is requested to come forward, prove property, pay charges and take them away, or they will be disposed of according to law. ISAAC GRAY.
Debember 1, 1886. 18 48 3t

PUBLIC SALE.—Estate of Nancy Hurst, dec'd, in partition. By virtue of an order of the Orphan's Court of Centre county, the undersigned will expose to public sale at Stuart's Store, in Boalsburg, on Saturday, January 8th, A. D. 1887, at 2 o'clock p. m., all those certain messuages, tenements, lots and parcels of land situated in the township of Harris, county aforesaid, bounded and described as follows: NO. 1.—By lands of John Irvin on the South, Ezra Brisbin on the West, John Keller on the North, Samuel Wilson on the East, beginning at a post, a corner, of lands of John Irvin and Samuel Wilson; thence two and one-half degrees West 43 perches to sugar tree; thence South sixty-five degrees West, 46 perches to a post; thence South fifteen degrees East 36 perches to a post; thence North three and one-half degrees East 37 perches to place of beginning; containing nine acres and 34 perches. No buildings. NO. 2—Being a lot of ground situate in Boalsburg in said county and State, bounded and described as follows: Containing four perches in breadth or front on the South side of Pitt street and extending southward ten perches to Chambers alley and known as Lot No. 9, in the general plan of said town. The improvements on Tract No. 2 are a two-story Frame Dwelling House, Stable and other out buildings.

Terms of Sale:—One-half of the purchase money to be paid on confirmation of sale and the other one-half in one year to be secured by bond and mortgage, with interest, on the premises. Five per cent. of the first payment to be paid at the time premises are knocked down.
50 4t CLEMENT DALE, Trustee.

New Advertisements.

A REMARKABLE OFFER !!!

PHILADELPHIA PRESS FREE!!!

To anyone who will SUBSCRIBE for the

"Bellefonte Republican"

FOR ONE YEAR, sending us two dollars in advance, we will present them with the PHILADELPHIA WEEKLY PRESS for ONE YEAR FREE.

THE "PRESS"

is one of THE BEST papers in the State, and this offer presents the

VERY BEST OPPORTUNITY

ever offered by any Centre county paper. An important campaign is coming on and it is our desire that the Republicans of this county shall have every opportunity to know all that is transpiring, and from the best sources. The PRESS will be

STAUNCHLY REPUBLICAN

UNDER — ALL — CIRCUMSTANCES.

abiding by, and earnestly supporting the action of the Republican Convention (State and National). We have this assurance from the publishers.

To our OLD SUBSCRIBERS who will

PAY UP ALL ARREARAGES,

AND

ONE YEAR IN ADVANCE,

we will also send the two papers. But

All Arrearages must be Paid

UP TO THE VERY DAY THE TWO PAPERS ARE TO BE SENT.

All Republicans in Centre County should avail themselves of the advantages of this offer.

SUBSCRIBE NOW.

EDWARD T. TUTEN,

Publisher of "REPUBLICAN."

Bellefonte Republican.

By EDWARD T. TUTEN.

Buffalo Scorched.

BUFFALO, December 8.—Another tremendous conflagration occurred at an early hour this morning, totally destroying one large and flourishing manufacturing establishment and seriously damaging other property, including a hotel and church. At 2.25 o'clock an alarm was given, flames having been discovered on the first floor of the extensive candy factory of Sibley & Holmwood, at the corner of Seneca and Wells streets. The inside of the factory was a mass of flames in a few moments, and the fire spread with alarming rapidity. The flames burst out in great sheets on the Wall street side, and by 2.45 o'clock the front and side walls began to crumble and fall. The rapidity with which the large four-story building was literally eaten up by the flames was something marvelous.

All efforts to prevent the fire from extending across the street to the Broezel House and to the large adjoining building on the west, occupied jointly by Frank A. Campbell as a hat and cap store and T. W. Reynolds as a boot and shoe store, were in vain. This building was all ablaze in no time, and by 3.10 it was a total wreck. The flames also attacked the Wells street chapel at the corner of Wells and Carroll streets. The fire also came near crossing Seneca street, but luckily this was prevented. About one hundred guests, mostly commercial travelers, occupied the Broezel House, all whom got out safely, though many lost their clothing and effects. E. D. Solomon, a drummer from New York, lost $800 and samples. Paul F. Sietiow, of New York, traveler for F. J. Cadenberg, lost $2,000 worth of smokers' samples.

The fire was under control at 4 a. m. Sibley & Holmwood's candy factory was the largest in Western New York, and is a total loss. The loss is estimated at $90,000; insurance $80,000. The damage to the Broezel house is estimated at $10,000; fully insured. The Wells street chapel was damaged to the extent of $3,000. The loss of Campbell and Reynolds on stock is about $3,000 each. The building they occupied was owned by S. F. Eagan, whose loss is $20,000.

The Church and Dancing.

PHILADELPHIA, Dec. 8.—Archbishop Ryan has called attention to the fact that the Third Plenary Council of Baltimore in its decree (page 167) prohibits all balls for charitable institutions, and in referring to the action of the Plenary Council, the Archbishop has announced that the Philopatrian ball cannot be given as the "Catholic charitable ball," as none of its proceeds can be devoted either directly or indirectly to charitable objects. The arrangements for the Catholic charity ball, which for years has been such a brilliant social and financial success, have all been made, and this announcement by the Archbishop has caused some consternation among those having in charge the details of the coming ball who have heard of the decision.

Almost every one seen yesterday connected with the management were surprised, as they had heard nothing of the decree of the Plenary Council. The Catholic chasity ball has been given every year, under the auspices of the Catholic Philopatrian Literary Institute, and the managers of the ball this year are A. J. McClernan, Chairman; Bernard J. Kiernan, Secretary, and M. Mathews, Treasurer. They have already leased the Academy of Music for the night of February 21. It was announced at the meeting of the Committee of Arrangements, held at the Philopatrian Institute on Sunday afternoon, that the subscriptions already amounted to nearly $3,000. The great question now is, how can the decree be overcome?

An Engine Explodes.

PHILADELPHIA, December 9.—A special to the *Record* from Jersey Shore, Pa., says: A Beach Creek railroad engine which had just left the shops, exploded this afternoon, killing Philip Knight and James Wearne, engineers, Allen Ramsey, fireman, and J. C. Fields, machinist. J. H. Stapleton, a machinist, was seriously injured. All of the men were young and recently married, with the exception of Knight, who leaves a wife and five children. The body of Engineer Knight was gathered up in small fragments, and the body of the fireman was also badly mutilated. The body of John Fields had been thrown a distance of 1,500 feet. It is thought that the steam gague of the locomotive did not work properly, as it only registered 150 pounds.

A special to the *Times* from Tamaqua says an explosion occurred at the powder works of H. H. Welty & Co., near Mentzer's Station to-day, completely wrecking the milling house. As the men had left the building a few minutes before, no personal injury was done and the loss will be small.

Riddleberger Angry.

NEW YORK, December 8.—A Washington correspondent says that Senator Riddleberger is angry at Sergeant-at-Arms Canada and threatens to vote with the Democrats to reorganize the next senate and throw Canada out. This would involve reorganization of the committees as well, and would be a serious matter. The quarrel is caused by Canaday's promising to appoint a boy named Zirkle as a page at Riddleberger's request, when in fact he had already appointed the boy at Mahone's request. On finding this out Riddleberger became enraged at the deception practiced.

A Fatal Collision.

CLEVELAND, O., December 8.—A locomotive on the Buffalo, New York and Philadelphia railroad, while running fifty miles an hour, collided with a passenger train this morning near Wilmington Junction, Pa. The engineer and fireman of the passenger train saved themselves by jumping. Thomas Mack and Melo Devore engineer and fireman respectively of the locomotiv, stuck to their posts. The former was killed outright and the tother was so badly injured that he died to-night. Both men live in Oil City.

The Washington Statue Finished.

PHILADELPHIA, December 9.—Private advices from Berlin say that the colossal equestrian statue of General Washington, and which is the production of Professor Siemens, the celebrated sculptor, will be shipped to this city next week. The statue, which is the gift of the Society of the Cincinnati, will probably be erected on St. George's Hill in Fairmount Park. The cost will be in the neighborhood of a quarter of a million dollars. The base is forty feet square and the length about thirty-five feet. When erected it will rest on a large pedestal, at the angles of which support groups will be placed.

Of National Importance.

WASHINGTON, December 10. The following named Pennsylvania cities will come under the provisions of the bill which passed the house of representatives yesterday relating to the extension of the free delivery service: Provided, That in addition to the necessary annual revenue of $10 000, or a population of 1 000 according to last census, they have the other requirements, such as paved or planked sidewalks, numbered streets and houses, lighted streets and the general characteristics of cities: Shenandoah, Beaver Falls, Bethlehem, Carlisle, Chambersburg, Chester, Franklin, Hazelton, Huntingdon, Johnstown, Lebanon, Meadville, New Castle, Norristown, Oil City, Titusville, Warren and West Chester.

The national legislation committee of the Knights of Labor had a consultation this afternoon with Senator Blair, chairman of the committee on education and labor, with regard to the attitude to be taken by the Knights toward the Blair educational bill. The results of the interview will be forwarded to the general executive board at Philadelphia with the recommendation of the bill, and if the board approves the legislative committee will try to secure the passage of the bill at this session.

Representative Abraham Dowdney, of the Twelfth district, New York, died at his residence in Madison avenue, New York city, at 8 o'clock this morning. He was stricken with apoplexy while entering his home last night. The speaker this afternoon appointed the following committee to attend the funeral: Messrs Campbell, Viele, Morriman and Muller of New York; O'Neill, of Missouri; Scranton, of Pennsylvania, and Brady, of Virginia.

The president was so much improved in health to-day that he was able to resume his public reception in the east room. In addition he received about fifty callers in his private office, most of whom were members of congress.

Fought a Duel.

TRENTON, N. J., December 10.—Public attention here has been diverted from the aldermanic scandal by the widely circulated report of a duel which is said to have taken place on the Pennsylvania side of the Delaware river, opposite this city, early yesterday morning. The principals in this affair of honor are said to have been a druggist and a sporting man, both of this city, and the difficulty which led up to the sanguinary encounter is said to have its origin in a dispute as to rights of the belligerents to pay court to a pretty Jersey belle. The immediate friends of the interested parties to the alleged duel declined to talk, but a gentleman, who says he knows all about the hostile meeting and how it resulted, gives the following account:

"There were seven persons in the party which left Trenton at dawn yesterday morning. One of the seconds was a Princeton student. A Trenton physician also went along. The hill near the old brewery at Edge Hill Grove was the site selected. The regulation distance was paced off and the principals took their positions. Revolvers were the weapons. The first shots exchanged went wide of the mark. At the second fire the sporting man fell to the ground, being wounded by the druggist; the bullet had entered his left shoulder. The wounded man, while he lay on the ground, fired on his antagonist and struck him in the right shoulder. The two duelists were then driven back to Trenton but unless their wounds prove serious I won't divulge their names."

The Dubois Estate

HARRISBURG, Pa., Dec. 10.—The commonwealth is about ready to proceed against John Dubois, Jr., the young nephew of the late John Dubois, of Clearfield county, and heir to his vast estate which has been inventoried at $3,000,000, to recover five per cent. collateral inheritance tax that General Niles is convinced is due the state. His ground for this belief is that the deed which conveyed all his real and personal property to his nephew for one dollar was made by the millionaire a few days previous to his death and is in the nature of a testamentary devise instead of an absolute conveyance of property. Register Forguson, of Clearfield county, was here to-day in consultation with the auditor general regarding the prospective suit.

Rescued in Time.

NEW YORK, December 10.—The pilot boat Charlotte Webb, Captain Malcomd, arrived here this morning with Captain F. W. Todd and the officers and crew of twelve men of the bark Ceremona, which was abandoned in a sinking condition on December 8th in latitude 38 35, longitude 72 4. The Ceremona was set on fire before she was abandoned, as she lay in the direct track of incoming vessels. The crew was transferred with difficulty to the pilot boat. The Ceremona sailed from Acera, Africa, October 11th, for Boston, with a cargo of palm oil and gum copal. From November 26th to December 8th she experienced a series of gales which so disabled her that she was in a sinking condition when the pilot boat hove in sight.

Briefs.

PITTSBURG, Pa., December 8.—The coroner's inquest on the body of Prisoner Watt, killed at the Western penitentiary by Deputy Warden McKean, found today that the shooting was justifiable.

OTTAWA, Ont., December 8.—A seam of anthracite coal seven feet six inches in diameter has been struck at Bouff, N. W. T. This seam is only one out of six in that locality, the smallest being three feet in thickness. The six seams contain coal enough to supply the entire Northwest territory for the next fifty years.

It is estimated that there are one hundred thousand sufferers from hay fever in the United States; a number about four times greater than the regular standing army. This number could be reduced to a mere regiment if all would resort to Ely's Cream Balm.

Consumption Cured.

An old physician, retired from practice, having had placed in his hands by an East India missionary the formula of a simple vegetation remedy for the speedy and permanent cure of Consumption, Bronchitis, Catarrh, Asthma and all Throat and Lung Affections, also a positive and radical cure for Nervous Debility and all Nervous Complaints, after testing its wonderful curative powers in thousands of cases, has felt it his duty to make it known to his suffering fellows. Actuated by this motive and a desire to relieve human sufferings, I will send free of charge, to all who desires it, this reciept, in German, French or English, with full direction for preparing and using. Sent by mail by addressing with stamp, naming this paper, W. A. NOYES, 149 *Power's Block Rochester, N. Y.* 18 11 1y

Railroads.

BALD EAGLE VALLEY RAILROAD.—Time Table, November 15, 1886.

WESTWARD	Exp. A M	Mail P M.
Leave Lock Haven	9 00	3 20
Flemington	9 05	3 24
Mill Hall	9 09	3 28
Beech Creek	9 25	3 38
Eagleville f	9 30	3 42
Howard	9 44	3 52
Mount Eagle f	9 54	3 8
Curtin	10 01	4 03
Milesburg	10 12	4 10
Bellefonte	10 35	4 22
Milesburg	10 44	4 32
Snow Shoe Int.	10 48	4 35
Unionville	10 58	4 43
Julian	11 09	4 53
Martha	11 19	5 1
Port Matilda	11 27	5 08
Hannah f	11 36	5 16
Fowler f	11 39	5 19
Dix f	11 42	5 22
Bald Eagle	11 48	5 28
Vail	11 53	5 31
Arrive at Tyrone	12 05	5 42
EASTWARD	P M.	A M
Leave Tyrone	7 10	8 10
East Tyrone	7 17	8 17
Vail	7 20	8 20
Bald Eagle	7 25	8 25
Dix f	7 32	8 30
Fowler f	7 35	8 32
Hannah f	7 37	8 36
Port Matilda	7 45	8 43
Martha	7 53	8 51
Julian	8 02	8 59
Unionville	8 13	9 10
Snow Shoe Int.	8 22	9 18
Milesburg	8 28	9 22
Bellefonte	8 35	5 32
Milesburg	8 50	9 47
Curtin	8 58	10 01
Mount Eagle f	9 03	10 06
Howard	9 11	10 16
Eaglevi'le f	9 22	10 30
Beech Creek	9 26	10 35
Mill Ha	9 34	10 50
Flemington f	9 42	10 54
Arrive at Lock Haven	9 45	11 00

BELLEFONTE & SNOW SHOE R. R.—Time Table in effect on and after Nov. 15, 1886

Leaves Snow Shoe at 6:45 a m; arrives at Bellefonte at 8:2 a m.

Leaves Bellefonte 9.00 a m., arrives at Snow Shoe 11.00 a m

Leaves Snow Shoe 2.50 p m., arrives at Bellefonte 4.55 p m

Leaves Bellefonte at 7:50 p m; arrives at Snow Shoe at 9:55 p m.

S S BLAIR, General Sup't

LEWISBURG AND TYRONE R. R.—BELLEFONTE, NITTANY AND LEMONT R. R. To take effect Nov. 15, 1886.

Dis.	Westward			Eastward		
	a m.	p.m.		a.m.	a.m.	p.m.
0	5.50	1 30	....MONTANDON....	6 30	9.10	.40
1.5	6.00	1 40	Ar..LEWISBURG..Lv	5.20	9 00	4.35
1 5	6.05	1 45	Lv..LEWISBURG..Ar	.....	9.00	4.30
5.4	6.15	1.48	.....Biehl f.....	.....	8 51	4.21
6.8	6.22	1.56	.....Vicksburg f.....	.....	8 45	4.16
10.7	6.33	2 09	.. MIFFLINBURG..	.....	8.33	4.06
13 1	6.40	2.16	.....Barber f.....	.....	8.26	4.00
1 .2	6.46	2 2	.....Swengle f.....	.....	8.20	3.54
16.1	6.48	2 23	.....Millmont.....	.....	8 18	3.52
18.6	6.56	2.35	....LAURELTON....	.....	8.12	3.43
23.5	7.08	2.50	.....Vardee f.....	.....	7.58	3.32
24.7	7.12	2.55	.....Weixer f.....	.....	7.54	3.28
28.9	7.27	3 01	.....Cherry Run f.....	.....	7.45	3.19
32.2	7 35	3.10	..Paddy Mt. Tunnel f..	.....	7.35	3.10
33.9	7.41	3.14	.....Fowler f.....	.....	7.32	3.07
36.6	7 49	3.25	.....Coburn	.....	7 23	2.57
39 6	7.56	3.34	.....Zerby f.....	.....	7 15	2.47
43.4	8.10	3.44	....Rising Springs....	.....	7 06	2.35
46.2	8 19	3.55	.....Penn's Cave f.....	.....	6.58	2 29
49.2	8.27	4.02	....CENTRE HALL....	.....	6 50	2 2?
51.6	8.34	4 08	.....Gregg f.....	.....	6.43	2.13
54.6	8 43	4.20	.....Linden Hall.....	.....	6.36	2. 5
56.7	8 52	4.25	.....OAK HALL.....	.....	6.30	2.00
58.3	8.56	4.30	.....LEMONT.....	.....	6 25	1.55
60.2	9.03	4.36	....Dale Summit f....	.....	6.20	1.50
63.9	9 14	4.49	.....Pleasant Gap f.....	.....	6.09	1.40
65.2	9.19	4.56	.....Axeman f.....	.....	6.04	1.34
67.4	9.25	5.00	....BELLEFONTE....	.....	6.00	1.30

CHAS E. PUGH ..... General Manager
ROBERT NEILSON ..... General Superintendent
E. B. WESTFALL ..... Superintendent

LEWISBURG AND TYRONE RAILROAD Time Table, Nov. 15, 1886.

WESTWARD.

	Mixed. P. M.	Mixed. A. M.
Leave Scotia	12 15	5 00
Fairbrook	12 40	5 20
Penn's Furnace	1 05	5 40
Hostler f	1 15	5 50
Marengo f	1 25	5 52
Loveville f	1 30	6 00
Furnace Road f	1 35	6 10
Dungarvin	1 39	6 13
Warriors Mark	1 55	6 22
Pennington	2 12	6 40
Weston Mill f	2 25	6 56
L. and T. June	2 31	6 52
Tyrone	2 35	6 55

EASTWARD.

	Mixed. P. M.	Mixed. A. M.
Leave Tyrone	4 30	9 20
L. & T. June	4 34	9 25
Weston Mill f	4 40	9 [illegible]
Pennington	4 55	9 45
Warriors Mark	5 05	9 58
Dungarvin	5.17	10.09
Furnace Road f	5 20	10 12
Loveville f	5 26	10 16
Marengo f	5 30	10 22
Hostler f	5 40	10 38
Penn's Furnace	5 50	10 44
Fairbrook	6 05	11 05
Scotia	6 25	11 30

PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD—(Philadelphia and Erie Division.)—On and after Nov. 15 1886:

WESTWARD.

ERIE MAIL leaves Philadelphia	11 25	p m
" " Harrisburg	3 30	a m
" " Williamsport	7 10	a m
" " Jersey Shore	7 35	a m
" " Lock Haven	7 58	a m
" " Renovo	8 50	a m
" arr at Erie	4 00	p m
NIAGARA EXP. leaves Philadelphia	7 40	a m
" " Harrisburg	11 25	a m
" arr. at Williamsport	2 25	p m
" " Lock Haven	3 15	p m
" " Renovo	4 15	p m
" " Kane	8 35	p m
Passengers by this train arrive in Bellefonte at	4 22	p m
FAST LINE leaves Philadelphia	11 14	a m
" Harrisburg	2 40	p m
Williamsport	6 10	p m
arr at Lock Haven	7 02	p m
" Renovo	8 00	p m
SUNDAY MAIL leaves Phil'a	4 3[illegible]	a m
" " Harrisburg	7 40	a m
" " " W'm'sport	10 35	a m
" " " Lock Haven	11 33	a m
" " arr. at Renovo	12 30	p m

EASTWARD.

Sea Shore EXPRESS leaves L. Haven	7 05	a m
" " " Jer'y S're	7 35	a m
" " " W'msp't	8 15	a m
" " arr. at Harrisb'g	11 30	a m
" " " Phila'phia	3 15	p m
DAY EXP. leaves Kane	6 25	a m
" " Renovo	10 20	a m
" " Lock Haven	11 10	a m
" " Williamsport	12 25	p m
" arr at Harrisburg	3 25	p m
" " Philadelphia	6 50	a m
ERIE MAIL leaves Erie	2 45	p m
" " Renovo	11 00	p m
" " Lock Haven	11 58	p m
" " Williamsport	1 25	a m
arr at Harrisburg	4 20	a m
" Philadelphia	8 28	a m
RENOVO AC'N leaves Renovo	4 05	p m
" arrives at Harrisb'g	9 30	p m
" " Philadelphia	4 25	a m

Erie Mail West, Niagara Express West, and Day Express East make close connection at Lock Haven with B. E. V. R. R. trains.

Erie Mail East and West connect at Erie with trains on L. S. & M. S. R. R.; at Corry with B. P. & R. R. R., at Emporium with B., N. Y. & P. R. R. and at Driftwood with A. V. R. R.

ROBERT NEILSON, Gen'l Supt.

I bought medicine in thirteen states, but nothing helped me till I got Ely's Cream Balm. In four days I could hear as well as ever. I am cured of catarrh as well. It is the best medicine ever used.—Garret Widrick, Hastings, N. Y.

I could scarcely speak; it was almost impossible for me to breath through my nostrils. Using Ely's Cream Balm a short time the trouble entirely disappeared.—J. O. Tichenor, Shoe Merchant, Elizabeth, N. J.

A man said "Here goes nothing," and thereupon threw himself off a bridge and was drowned. The truth spoke by that man was so impressive that he ought to have lived to utter it again.

The Sea Scourge,

or, four months on the Confederate Privateer Alabama. Being the thrilling experiences of one of her crew upon her memorable and destructive cruise around the world, vividly written and described in the New York Waverly and now for sale by all newsdealers. Ask for No. 29, or send to the Waverly Publishing Co., 81 Warren St., New York, for free sample copy. n27d&w1m

Subscriber: No, you are wrong. Your brother's daughter in Japan might be Japanese, but his son would not be Japanephew.

HASSON'S COMPOUND SYRUP OF TAR is the best and most reliable article known for the cure of coughs, colds, hoarseness, chronic catarrhs, sore throat, asthma, and all diseases of the throat and lungs. No family should be without it. n27 1m

Sold by W. W. BAYARD and M. A KIRK

"What makes that girl walk so funny? Is she intoxicated?" "Oh, no, she's not not intoxicated. It is only her toes that are tight."

Bucklen's Arnica Salve.

THE BEST SALVE in the world for Cuts, Bruises Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Fever Sores, Tetter Chapped Hands, Chilblains Corns, and all Skin Eruptions, and positively cures Piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction, or money refunded. Price 25c. per box. For sale by J. ZELLER & SON.

"Always aim higher than the mark," says a philosopher. If there is a strawberry mark on her chin this is good advice.

Thousands of cases of Consumption are cured every year by Acker's celebrated English Remedy. It is a guaranteed preparation; if it does not help you it will cost you nothing. Try it. A single dose will show its good effect. Trial bottles 10 cts. WALTER W. BAYARD.

A Lady's Perfect Companion.

PAINLESS CHILDBIRTH, a new book by Dr. John H. Dye, one of New York's most skillful physicians, shows that pain is not necessary in childbirth but results from causes easily understood and overcome. It clearly proves that any woman may become a mother without suffering any pain whatever. It tells how to overcome and prevent morning sickness, swelled limbs, and all other evils attending pregnancy. It is reliable and highly endorsed by physicians everywhere as the wife's true private companion. Cut this out; it will save you great pain, and possibly your life. Send two cent stamp for descriptive circular, testimonials and confidential letter sent in sealed envelope Address FRANK THOMAS & Co., Publishers, Baltimore, Maryland.

FROM LIFE TO DEATH

is but a moment if rheumatism or neuralgia strikes the heart. These diseases are the most painful and the most dangerous of any to which human kind is liable. They fly from one part to another without a moment's warning, and liniments and other outward applications are in themselves dangerous because they are liable to drive the disease to some vital organ and cause instant death. Rheumatism and neuralgia are diseases of the blood, and can only be reached by a remedy which will drive from the blood the dangerous acids. Such a remedy is Athlophoros. It has been thoroughly tested and is a safe, sure cure.

Spruce Creek, Pa., Oct. 5, 1885.

In answer to your request to know what your Athlophoros has done for me, I will say it has done wonderful work. I have suffered from rheumatism for eighteen years more or less, and sometimes not able to put my clothes on or eat alone. I took all kinds, doctored with a good many doctors, but nothing did me any good. I was getting worse instead of better. I read your advertisement in the "Democrat" and "Sentinel" papers of Louistown. I have taken in all four bottles. I feel no pain. I was drawn crooked, but now I am straight once more. Thank you for the good it done me. Athlophoros is the medicine. PHILIP HARPSTER.

Your medicine has cured me of neuralgia. I suffered with it for three days, and it gave me instant relief.

WM. F. KINCH.

Palmyra, N. Y., August 19th, 1886.

I used one bottle of Athlophoros for neuralgia after being laid up eight weeks. The result was very satisfactory.

R. S. EDDY.

Every druggist should keep Athlophoros and Athlophoros Pills, but where they cannot be bought of the druggist the Athlophoros Co., 112 Wall St., New York, will send either (carriage paid) on receipt of regular price, which is $1.00 per bottle for Athlophoros and 50c. for Pills.

For liver and kidney diseases, dyspepsia, indigestion, weakness, nervous debility, diseases of women, [illegible] impure blood, &c., Athlophoros Pills are unequaled. 7

AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS.—I am now prepared to furnish the celebrated

HOOSIER DRILL,

and keep on hand all repairs for same. I am also agent for the York Safe and Lock Company Safe, one of the best in the world; and have on hand Platform Spring Wagons and Buggies. Call and see me before purchasing elsewhere and save money. For quality I cannot be beaten and in price will not be undersold for corresponding goods. Call and be convinced.

ap 27 d&w tf H. D. LANDIS.

MASON & HAMLIN

UNRIVALED ORGANS

On the EASY PAYMENT system, from $5.25 per month up. 100 styles, $22 to $900. Send for Catalogue with full particulars, mailed free.

UPRIGHT PIANOS,

Constructed on the new method of stringing, on similar terms. Send for descriptive Catalogue.

MASON & HAMLIN ORGAN AND PIANO CO., Boston, New York, Chicago.

18 44 4t

Miscellaneous.

NEVER FAILS TO CRUE DIARRHŒA, DYSENTERY, CHOLERA-MORBUS, COLIC, FLATULENCE, &c.

PARKER'S CHOLERA DROPS

SURE, PROMPT INFALLIBLE.

TRIAL BOTTLE, 10 cts. LARGE BOTTLE, 50 cts.

A SINGLE DOSE AFFORDS IMMEDIATE RELIEF!

Dr. W. J. BROWN, of Woodbine, Kentucky, says: "I always prescribe PARKER'S CHOLERA DROPS for Diarrhœa, Dysentery, Cramps, Cholera Morbus, etc. It answers every purpose for which it is put up."

PHILIP COOK, Selma, Kansas, says: "I shall never be without PARKER'S CHOLERA DROPS. They cured me of a case of Colic which had doubled me up with pain."

For sale by F. POTTS GREEN, High St., Bellefonte, Pa.

PRESERVE YOUR HEALTH.

ROGERS' GRAPOLINE

Can always be relied upon as a pleasant, mild, speedy, and POSITIVE CURE in all cases of Costiveness, Dyspepsia, Heartburn, Sick Headache, Indigestion, Sour Stomach, Liver Complaint, Biliousness, Flatulency, Fullness of Blood, and all Inflammatory Complaints where A Gentle, Cooling Cathartic is required. Chemist, physician, and public with one accord pronounce it unequalled as an Aperient and Refrigerant. Be prudent and have a bottle always within reach. "A stitch in time saves nine." Remember that the slight internal disorder of to-day may become an obstinate, incurable disease to-morrow.

Sold by all Druggists. **A. H. ROGERS & CO.** Geneseo, N.Y.

Williamsport Commercial College.

WILLIAMSPORT, PA.

The largest, best equipped and most thorough institution in the State. Hundreds of graduates occupying good situations. A magnificent building of its own. Terms moderate. Address for terms etc., F. M. ALLEN, Pres't. 18 9 3m.

GUNMANUFACTURERS,

And dealers in all kinds of

Sporting Goods, Fine Pocket and Table Cutlery

The Largest and Finest Stock of Fire Arms in the City.

BROWN & HIRTH,

520 & 522 Wood St., Pittsburg, Pa.

The only Gun Barrel Manufacturers West of the Mountains. Send for Catalogue. 18 43 3m

There is *more* CATARRH in this section of the country than *all other diseases* put together, and until the last few years was supposed to be incurable. For a great many years Doctors pronounced it a local disease, and prescribed local remedies, and by constantly failing to cure with local treatment pronounced it incurable. Science has proven Catarrh to be a constitutional disease, and therefore requires a constitutional treatment. Hall's Catarrh Cure, manufactured by F. J. Cheney & Co., Toledo, Ohio, is the only constitutional cure now on the market. It is taken internally in doses from 10 drops to a teaspoonful. It acts directly upon the blood and mucus surfaces of the system. They offer one hundred dollars for any case it fails to cure. Send for circular and testimonials. Address,

F. J. CHENEY, & Co., Toledo, O.

Sold by druggists, 75 cts.

CONFESSIONS of an INVALID

Published as a Warning and for the benefit of YOUNG MEN and others who may be suffering from NERVOUS DEBILITY, LOSS OF MANHOOD, etc., giving his own methods of cure, after much suffering, imposition and expense and sent free on receiving a stamp for return postage.

Address NATHANIAL MAYFAIR, P. O. Box BROOKLYN, N. Y.

18--43--3m

THE GREATEST AND THE BEST.

The Large Double Weekly, Religious and Secular.

NEW YORK OBSERVER.

(Established 1823.)

UNDENOMINATIONAL, EVANGELICAL, UNSECTARIAN, AND NATIONAL.

A Safe Paper for the Family.

THE NEW YORK OBSERVER CAN BE TRUSTED.

It Stands by the Old and Tried Truths in Religion, Morals, Education, and in all Public and Private Matters.

It is Conservative of all Good Things. It steadily Opposes Evil and Sin in every form. The OBSERVER is the well-known enemy of

INTEMPERANCE, INFIDELITY, AND ROMANISM.

It is a paper that has opinions, and can defend them: which has a faith, and holds to it. The NEW YORK OBSERVER is a living and growing Power in this Land. It contains all the News of the World; the Best Thoughts of the Ablest Authors and Correspondents everywhere; Poetry, Book Reviews, Notes and Queries, Departments for Teachers, Students, Business Men, Farmers, Parents and Children.

EVERY CHRISTIAN SHOULD READ IT.
EVERY PARENT SHOULD READ IT.
EVERY CITIZEN SHOULD READ IT.

Price, $3.00 a-year, in Advance.
Clergymen, $2.00 a-year.

$1.00 commission allowed on New Subscribers. Send for Sample Copy, free. Address,

NEW YORK OBSERVER, NEW YORK.

SALESMEN WANTED!

Energetic, reliable men, to sell the choicest Fruit and ornamental Nursery Stock, on Salary with expenses paid, or on commission as preferred. Steady employment throughout the year. Business quickly learned. Send for terms.

GLEN BROTHERS, Nurserymen, 18 39 13t Rochester, N. Y.

HOUSES TO RENT at desirable rates. Apply to H. D. LANDIS. ap 27 d&w tf

Duff's COLLEGE.

Pittsburgh, Pa.

The oldest and best appointed Institution for obtaining a Business Education. For circulars address P. Duff & Sons. o18 8t d&w

New Furniture Store.

Now open with the most complete stock of

FURNITURE AND BEDDING

IN THE COUNTY.

The stock is all new and personally selected from the leading manufacturing centres.

Prices the Very Lowest.

All Goods Guaranteed as Represented.

Repairing Promptly Done.

J. C. BRACHBILL,

High Street,

BELLEFONTE, PA.

Near P. R. R. Depot. 18 11tf

MANHOOD

How Lost How Restored

Just published, a new edition of Dr. Culverwell's Celebrated Essay on the *radical cure* of SPERMATORRHŒA or Seminal Weakness, Involuntary Seminal Losses, IMPOTENCY, Mental and Physical Incapacity Impediments to Marriage, etc.; also CONSUMPTION, EPILEPSY and FITS, induced by self-indulgence, or sexual extravagance, &c.

The celebrated author, in his admirable essay, clearly demonstrates from a thirty years' successful practice, that the alarming consequences of self-abuse may be radically cured; pointing out a mode of cure at once simple, certain and effectual, by means of which every sufferer, no matter what his condition may be, may cure himself cheaply, privately and radically.

☞ This lecture should be in the hands of every youth and every man in the land.

Sent under seal, in a plain envelope, to any address, *post paid*, on receipt of four cents or two postage stamps. Address,

THE CULVERWELL MEDICAL CO., 41 Ann St., New York, N. Y. P. O. Box, 450 18 43 1y

ADDITIONAL LOCAL NEWS.

—Coasting.

—Full moon last Saturday.

—Friday was payday at the Nail Works.

—It is time for the singing conventions to sprout.

—The Philipsburg *Ledger* continues to devote its attention to Dr. Peebles.

—Alfred Gramly, a native of this county, died at Kaneville, Ill., a week ago.

—Two steers owned by William Swab of Linden Hall, were recently killed by the cars.

—The Gerbrick Brothers have stored away more than 800 tons of the finest ice ever harvested.

—James G. Blaine, Jr., a son of the Maine statesman, is a reporter on the Pittsburg *Times*.

—Col. Geo. W. Baine is booked to talk on temperance in Altoona on the last day of this year.

—The Leland Opera Company went to Clearfield this morning, where they will remain three nights.

—George E. Grath, of Bald Eagle, has invented a "tryme"—to be used in connection with a straw cutter.

—The entertainment in Humes' Hall Wednesday evening, by the Leland Opera Co. was highly appreciated.

—The Tyrone correspondent of the Altoona *Times* is now maintaining an intense silence regarding the NEWS.

—Bertha Henny, a little girl living at Centre Hall, is ill with scarlet fever and diphtheria, and her recovery is doubtful.

—Rural Sunday-schools are rehearsing for Christmas entertainments, wherein rural Sunday-schools surpass those of the city.

—Dr. Jacobs, of Centre Hall, who was injured in a runaway recently, is now able to move about on crutches to visit his patients.

—The Millheim band is about to purchase new instruments. The Bellefonte band never finds it necessary to purchase any.

—Mr. L. A. Schaeffer is preparing to move into his new house on Curtin St. He and his family expect to eat their Christmas dinner there.

—A hog which will weigh, when killed and dressed, 547½ pounds is a wonder, but that was the way with a porker slaughtered by D. L. Zerby, of Millheim.

—Among the musical exercises to be rendered by the Lutheran Sunday school of Aaronsburg on the occasion of their holiday entertainment will be a Christmas cantata.

—The next momentous proposition to be definitely affirmed or negatived by the Penn Hall debating society will be, "*Resolved*, that fire is more destructive than water."

—The Clinton County Teachers' Institute will begin on Monday afternoon, December 20. George P. Bible is on the programme to assist in the entertainment Monday evening.

—Churches must be increasing very rapidly in this county as it seems that almost weekly there is a new church edifice to be dedicated. On Sunday next it will be the M. E. church at Millheim.

—Be careful when you put up stove pipe. Daniel Weaver, of Rebersburg, while putting up stove pipe a few weeks ago hurt his hand so seriously that at one time amputation was thought advisable. Fortunately however, the injured member is healing.

—The Williamsport *Gazette and Bulletin* makes this discovery: "The Pennsylvania State College has issued a bulletin on "the composition and food value of desiccated apple pomace" in which "desiccated" is spelt wrong five times A college should do better than this."

—The dissatisfaction is increasing in reference to Secretary Fairchild's decision regarding the duty on imported iron ore. It is said to be a measure in the interest of New York Free Traders. The duty is 3 cents per ton less on dry ore than on ore in its moist state. The object of this administration seems to be to render American productions less profitable.

—Out at the works of the Bellefonte Iron Company business is proceeding wonderfully fast, considering the severe weather. The puddling mill is in full operation. Men are working upon the high stacks, which are ascending upward to quite a dizzy height. Stone work is being carried on with as much rapidity as in May or June. Fires are built near where the men are working to keep them warm. There is quite an army of laborers.

—The Pennsylvania State Grange, Patrons of Husbandry, assembled in fourteenth annual session in the Young Men's Christian Association Hall, Harriburg, on Tuesday, December 14. This meeting of the State Grange will be one of the most important in the history of the order in the State. Subjects of vital importance to the future prosperity will come up for discussion and consideration. Carefully prepared papers will be read by prominent members of the order, and interesting addresses will be delivered by distinguished patrons of this and other states. Governor Pattison addressed the Grange on Tuesday.

The M. and B. Railroad.

THE ROUTE THROUGH BRUSH VALLEY THE MOST FAVORABLE ONE.

The Centre Hall *Reporter* has given special attention to the most advantageous route that can be taken by the proposed Milton and Bellefonte railroad. A letter from a gentleman connected with it says that the railroad company mean business and will build at once. The *Reporter* says:

We learn now that a prospecting party through the Brush Valley Narrows has found it possible, after entering the Narrows to strike the headwaters of Pine Creek in Haines township, the course of which stream would be a natural railroad route leading out to Woodward, and traverse an immense pine timber country, comprising the eastern part of the Brush Valley Narrows, and the entire Penns Valley Narrows including the headquarters of Pine Creek. Here is the best pine timber in the State, but of little value for want of a railroad to supply an outlet.

Reaching Woodward by this route, there is a choice for routes westward. If Pine Creek is followed after leaving Woodward, of course the route would lead to Coburn, and then run parallel with our road to Bellefonte, or across the gap above Centre Hall, to Bellefonte, which at one time was the route fixed on for our present railroad.

However, should it not be desirable to follow Pine Creek from Woodward, the route would then be from that point, along a natural draft, which is supposed at one time to have been the bed of a stream, and which can be traced from the eastern end of Haines township to Boalsburg and beyond. This draft runs north of the pike in Haines township and passes close to the south side of Aaronsburg, strikes near Millheim, and passes south of the Old Fort, and thus on westward. The route has already been taken into consideration along with the Brush and Sugar Valley route. It is looked upon as an easy one, but some five miles longer than the Brush Valley route.

With the large sums of money subscribed for our present road, it is doubtful if large subscriptions could be raised for a new road—the burden would of course mainly rest upon Millheim and Haines township which would be directly benefitted by a new road over the last named route. It would be the making of Millheim, and cut off four-fifths of the trade centering at Coburn.

But then Brush Valley, having fewer railroad facilities than the people along the route last named, would, no doubt, come with such heavy inducements from rich farmers, as to secure the adoption of their route. This is the only chance for a railroad through Miles township. Should it go through Sugar Valley, or take the Pine Creek route, Brush Valley will likely never hear of another railroad project that would traverse the eastern portion of our county.

At the Bellefonte Academy.

The semi-annual examination at this famous educational institution, "on the hill of science," began on Monday of this week to continue four days.

On Monday, the 13th inst., the classes taught by Prof. James Hughes, the Principal, were examined.

On Tuesday Miss Emma Hughes' classes demonstrated the thoroughness of their instruction by a similar process.

Miss Jennie Gehret's classes were examined on Wednesday.

The regular examinations will conclude to-day, when Mr. James R. Hughes' classes will prove their efficiency by a rigid examination.

These exercises are always of interest to the friends of education and all the patrons of the Academy as well as other people of the town are cordially invited to be present.

Not at all Strange.

At the recent county Institute of Huntingdon county, there were present, as two of the instructors, Miss Ross and Dr. Hinsdale. The *Local News*, in speaking of them says: "Miss Ross was a teacher of Guitean, the assassin, Dr. Hinsdale was associated with Garfield in the faculty of Hiram College. Strange that they should be selected to instruct at the same Institute.—*Clearfield Republican*.

It is the most natural thing in the world. Where the labors of one instructor demonstrate themselves to be so very pernicious, it is necessary to have another kind to off-set their influence. There now; we beg Miss Ross' pardon.

Death of Rev. Nathan J. Mitchell.

We hear with regret of the death of the above named well-known gentleman in Lock Haven on Friday. He lived many years in Howard, this county, where he was well known. Indeed, he was favorably known throughout the county. He was a minister of the Disciple church, in which society his son, the talented Rev. Ira. Mitchell, is also a preacher. We have not heard the particulars regarding the last illness and death of this esteemed gentleman.

Death at Centre Line.

Mr. Benjamin Buck, of Centre Line, whose illness was recorded in this paper a few days ago, died on Thursday at about 11:45 o'clock a. m. His illness was "protracted neuralgia" and his sufferings were severe.

Officers, Directors and Committees of the Young Men's Christian Association 1886-'87.

President—F. Potts Green.
Vice President—D. M. Lieb.
Recording Secretary—N. S. Bailey.
Treasurer—J. C. Weaver.
General Secretary—C. E. Schaeffer.
Directors—J. W. Gephart, A. Lukenbach, C. C. Shuey, C. F. Cook, J. W. Rhone, W. S. Zeller, John I. Olewine, C. U. Hoffer.
Devotional Committee—N. S. Bailey, Cyrus I. Solt, H. Y. Stitzer, C. U. Hoffer, C. E Gilmore.
Finance Committee—Geo. L. Potter, W. S. Zeller, J. W. Gephart, A. Lukenbach, R. L. Dartt.
Membership Committee—R. L. Erhard, Robt Rhoan, Chas. M Rodgers, C. H Hile.
Lecture Committee—Jas. R. Hughes J. C. Meyer, W. W Bayard, Harry Keller.
Music Committee—A. Lukenbach, S. A. Stover, J. E Musser, L. A. Schaeffer, J. C. Weaver.
Reception Committee—Eugene Fleming, W. I. Lembkey, J. A. Finkbinder, F. P. Fees, Wm. M. McClure, Jas. Harris, Jr.
Jail Committee—Cyrus I. Solt, W. F. Speer, Chas. Noll,
Employment Committee—J. C. Miller, Isaac Mitchell, Harry Green, Harry Bush, C. T. Gerberich.
Library Committee—D. M. Lieb, J. W. Rhone, C. F. Cook.
Boys' Work—G. W. Reese, F. S. Graw, D. O. Etters.
Invitation Committee—Jno. I. Olewine, Geo. Chase, Walter Crosthwaite, Chas. Hughes, John Given.
Out of Town Committee—Jas. H. Potter, C. C. Shuey, J. C. Weaver.

The Philipsburg Sensation.

The suicide of Mrs. James Brusstar, of Philipsburg, and the death of one of her children from the poison of arsenic, administered by her, mention of which was made in this paper at the time, (Wednesday of last week) continues to cause much excitement. Mrs. Brusstar died very quickly and her child died the same night. Two other children, who were also given poison by their mother, survived the effects. The woman was suffering with frequent fits of melancholy, in some of which she was insane. She had made former attempts on her own life and some of her children. The family had lived only a short time in Philipsburg. The verdict of the coroner's jury is as follows:

"We, the coroner's jury empanelled to hold an inquest over the dead bodies of Margaret Brusstar and her son, Jackson Brusstar, do find as follows: That the said Margaret Brusstar and Jackson Brusstar came to their death from poisoning by the use of arsenic, administered by the hand of Margaret Brusstar, she being of unsound mind at the time.

(Signed.) ROBERT MANLEY,
HARRY SIMLER,
H. C. WILLIAMS,
ROBERT MUSSER,
JNO. A. LEHR,
THOS. A. MAYES."

Congressman Patton Talks.

Hon. John Patton, who will represent this district in the Fiftieth congress, is reported as expressing himself thus to a Washington reporter:

"President Cleveland carried Clearfield by 900 and I by 80 majority. This labor question is one that we have to deal with sooner or later. I think the sooner the better. I don't like these antagonisms of interest between capital and labor. In a land of freedom and intelligence like ours these collisions should not happen. The men are as intelligent as their employers; therefore both sides can afford to be reasonable, because their interests are mutual. I think we have evidence enough. Every time the labor question comes up Congress runs out a committee on investigation.

"I begin to think this labor investigation if kept up will become a farce. Congress should take the testimony in its possession and formulate a measure. If not perfect at first it can be made so by experience. It is my plan to insist upon action. My district employs a great deal of labor which requires attention."

Wedding Anniversary.

Prof. Beard, Principal of the State Normal School, at Lock Haven, and his agreeable lady, celebrated their 25th wedding anniversary on Tuesday, evening, the 7th inst. The arrival of such an important time in their lives was the occasion of a gathering of all the students of that excellent institution and a few other persons. The refreshments included choice nuts, cakes, fruits, etc., and the students exhibited their hearty appreciation of these edibles by partaking of them liberally, and testified to their esteem for the Principal and his lady by a present of considerable value. The event was enjoyable.

A Rich Man's Millions.

Under the laws of Pennsylvania, when a man dies who leaves no such near relatives as father, mother or children the State is entitled to 5 per cent. of his entire property as a collateral inheritance tax. This was the case with John Dubois, the Clearfield county lumber king, and the recorder of that county is about to begin suit to recover such money. Appraising the property at $3,500,000, he brings suit for $175,000. Mr. Jenks will be the attorney for Mr. Dubois and when the case goes to the Supreme Court Attorney General Cassidy will represent the State.

Rhetorical Exercises at Bellefonte High School, December 10, 1886.

1, Declamation by George Potter, "Pompeii and Herculaneum."
2, Essay by May Woodring, "Glaciers."
3, Reading by Carrie Gross, "The Farmer and the Fox."
4, Essay by John Morgan, "Predominant Mountain System of Europe."
5, Essay by Willie Kelley, "The Pyramids of Egypt."
6, Reading by Bridgie Curry, "The Torn Dress."
7, Essay by Lilly Smith, "The Reindeer."
8, Essay by Laura Hafer, "Glaciers"
9, Declamation by John Given, "An Attempt that Failed."
10, Reading by Chestie Potter, "That Irrepressible Boy."
11, Essay by Charles Ginter, "The Appalachian Mountain System."
12, Essay by Bessie Kane, "Rocky Mountains."
13, Reading by Julia Powers, "A Mother's Grave."
14, Essay by Harry Williams, "The Human Skeleton."
15, Reading by Annie Stott, "Gibraltar."
16, Essay by Myra Holliday, "Mountain Systems."
17, Essay by Ed. Butts, "Glaciers."
18, Reading by Florence Longacre, "Curiosity."
19, Declamation by Will Butts, "Maxims."
20, Essay by Andrew Cruse, "Egypt."
21, Reading by Carrie Harper, "Plumbers."
22, Essay by Lula Stover, "Books."
23, Reading by Jennie Fauble, "Playing Mother."
24, Essay by Stella Armor, "Alfred the Great."
25, Reading by Rosie Fox, "The Factory Girl's Last Day."
26, Essay by Jennie Crittenden, "Glaciers."
27, Declamation by Will Bartley, "Big Bill Jones."
28, Essay by Benner Armor, "Alfred the Great." H. U. T.

Visitors present to listen to the exercises were Miss Emma Aikens and Mr. C. E. Schaeffer.

The reason the same subject is repeated in several instances is explained by the fact that the different members of a class are sometime given the same subject to write about.

—Mr. P. B. Waddle, of Buffalo Run, has followed a custom during the past forty-one years of which there is probably not another similar instance. Regularly when his neighbor, Mr. John Wasson, butchers he goes to help him He has missed only once in the past forty-one years and that through no inclination of his own. The only time he did not give his neighbor aid was one week when he was compelled to serve his country as a juror in court. This continuous and uninterrupted act of neighborly kindness is remarkable. It speaks volumes in praise of the kindred feelings which exists between neighbors in the rural districts, and particularly between Mr. Wasson and Mr. Waddle.

—It is very strange that people obtain incorrect ideas of events that occur. When this paper noted the departure of Mr. George Bible for Lock Haven it stated the fact correctly, viz., that his acceptance of the position in the Normal School was only temporary—probably only a month—and that he *had not* severed his connection with the *Centre Democrat*. Since then one or two papers have stated it as if his withdrawal from the *Centre Democrat* was permanent. We understand that, although an effort is being made to retain his services in the school, he expects to return to Bellefonte in a few weeks.

Letter List.

List of unclaimed letters remaining in the post office at Bellefonte, Centre Co., Pa., December 6, 1886:

S Arnstein, T Fruebus, Harry Fireberg, Mrs Kittie Goodman, F R Green, Edward Harman, Samuel Hazel, Miss Kate Harnish, J C Miller, John McDonlal, James Murphy, Miss Mollie poorman, William Rhydderick, Mrs Lizzie Smith, Thomas Tyler, C F Wire.

Persons inquiring for letters named in the above list will please say advertised.

JAS. H. DOBBINS, P. M.

—Williamsport is to have a new paper, a Saturday issue, to be called *The Keystone*, and the prospectus says that it is to be live, progressive and red hot. The editor will be Elmer E. Burlingame, present editor of the *Breakfast Table*, and for six years associate editor of the Elmira *Telegram*. N. L. Houghton, for half a dozen years connected with the *Sun and Banner*, will be the business manager. It is not stated what the political complexion of the new paper will be, or in fact whether it will have any politics at all.

—Isaac Haupt is talking about the Halstead foot warmers and portable heaters, which he believes will be just the thing needed where hot stoves, hot bricks, etc., are undesirable or dangerous. He will probably tell our people all about them as soon as he secures the agency for introducing them, and the agency cannot be placed in better hands.

—The coasting on Howard street was particularly good Friday night.

The Gentlemen who will be Jurors.

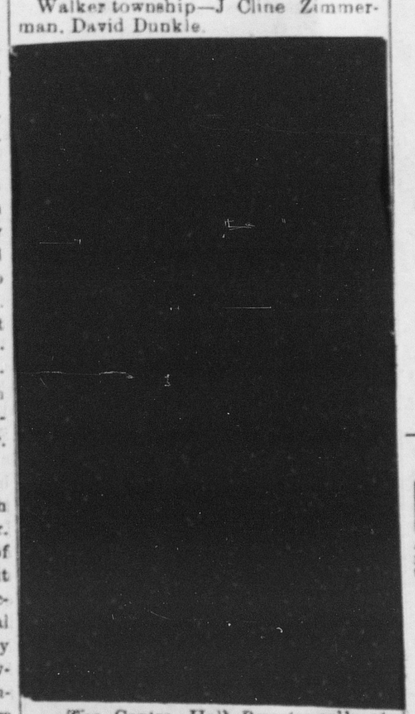
Following is the list of jurors drawn for the January term of Court beginning Fourth Monday, 24th:

GRAND JURORS—FOURTH WEEK.

Bellefonte borough—John L Kurtz, George B Johnston, H K Hicks, O L Meek, Wm K Ludwig.
Benner township—Christian Dale.
Centre Hall borough—David Brisbin.
Ferguson township—H H McCracken.
Haines township—F J Weaver, Henry Frederick.
Huston township—W B Parsons.
Howard township—James Turner.
Liberty township—R S Haines.
Miles township—R H Strohecker.
Patton township—George W F Gray.
Philipsburg borough—Austin Atherton, T G Daggle.
Snow Shoe township—Alfred Thompson, O M Sheets.
Spring township—Thompson Barnhart, A V Hamilton, Wm H Humes, Archibald Allison.
Walker township—Lewis Zimmerman.

TRAVERSE JURORS—FOURTH WEEK.

Bellefonte—John C Miller, Frank Galbraith, Bond Valentine, James P Seibert.
Burnside township—John A Newcomer, Jacob Croft,
Boggs township—A W Rishel, M M McCormick.
Curtin township.—Peter Robb, Jr.
College township—E M Shuey.
Gregg township—Adam Ertel, John Mossman, Jonathan Condo.
Howard borough—David P. McKinney.
Howard township—J K Leathers.
Haines township—N Lose, H P Zerby, H G Miller.
Harris township—Jas M Ross.
Huston township—H M Stuart.
Halfmoon township—Simon Sellers.
Liberty township—Samuel P Bechdel, A C Bowes, W F Carter
Milesburg borough—Wm Baird.
Millheim borough—Al Walters.
Miles township—Joseph Wolf, Perry D Winters.
Marion township—R K Wilson
Patton township—John C Hartsock.
Philipsburg borough—C M Sanford, W F Bair.
Penn township—John H Harshberger.
Potter township—H C Shirk
Spring township—Jeremiah Donovan, J G Rimmey.
Snow Shoe township—J S Ewing, W Brown, J H Holt.
Taylor township—Henry Lewis.
Union township—Wm A Peters, Thos Eckenroth Harry Hoover.
Worth township—Christ Reese, S R Pringle.
Walker township—J Cline Zimmerman, David Dunkle.



—The Centre Hall *Reporter* calls attention to the fact that in Miles township, this county, an extensive relationship exists among its residents and there are but few persons living there who cannot call other residents by the title of uncle, aunt, cousin or other similar one. Among the principal names represented in that locality are the Wolfs, Kramers, Gramleys, Weavers, Shaffers, Harpers, Grims, Moyers, Rogers, Brumgarts and Kormans. The same condition of affairs exists in Bellefonte. It has its advantages and disadvantages—principally, we think, the latter, as it tends to make a community somewhat exclusive and thus prevents the infusion of new elements into it.

Miraculous Escape.

W. W. Reed, druggist, of Winchester, Ind., writes: "One of my customers, Mrs. Lousia Pike, Bartonia, Randolf Co., Ind., was a long sufferer with consumption, and was given up to die by her physicians. She heard of Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption and began buying it of me. In six month's time she walked to this city, a distance of six miles, and is now so much improved she has quit using it. She feels she owes her life to it."

Free Trial Bottles at J. ZELLER & SON'S Drug Store.

—St. Francis College, a Catholic institution, was damaged by fire on Thursday morning. It is located in Loretto, Cambria county. The loss amounts to $15,000.

Never Give Up.

If you are suffering with low and depressed spirits, loss of appetite, general debility, disordered blood, weak constitution, headache, or any disease of a bilious nature, by all means procure a bottle of Electric Bitters. You will be surprised to see the rapid improvement that will follow; you will be inspired with new life; strength and activity will return; pain and misery will cease, and henceforth you will rejoice in the praise of Electric Bitters. Sold at fifty cents a bottle by J. ZELLER & SON.

—That whistle which blew so long and loud on Friday night about 10 o'clock made some people think of fire. It was only the nail mill whistle calling the pudlers to work.

—The moon looked down on considerable drinking and fighting which occured up-town on Friday night.

Medical, Etc.

SIMMONS LIVER REGULATOR

Unfailing Specific for Liver Disease.

SYMPTOMS: Bitter or bad taste in mouth; tongue coated white or covered with a brown fur; pain in the back, sides, or joints—often mistaken for Rheumatism; sour stomach; loss of appetite; sometimes nausea and waterbrash, or indigestion; flatulency and acid eructations; bowels alternately costive and lax; headache; loss of memory, with a painful sensation of having failed to do something which ought to have been done; debility; low spirits; a thick, yellow appearance of the skin and eyes; a dry cough; fever; restlessness; the urine is scanty and high colored, and, if allowed to stand, deposits a sediment.

SIMMONS LIVER REGULATOR
(PURELY VEGETABLE)
Is generally used in the South to arouse the Torpid Liver to a healthy action.
It acts with extraordinary efficacy on the
LIVER, KIDNEYS, AND BOWELS.
AN EFFECTUAL SPECIFIC FOR
Malaria, Bowel Complaints, Dyspepsia, Sick Headache, Constipation, Biliousness, Kidney Affections, Jaundice, Mental Depression, Colic.
Endorsed by the use of 7 Millions of Bottles, as
THE BEST FAMILY MEDICINE
for Children, for Adults, and for the Aged.
ONLY GENUINE
has our Z Stamp in red on front of Wrapper.
J. H. Zeilin & Co., Philadelphia, Pa.,
SOLE PROPRIETORS. Price, $1.00.

EASILY ACCOUNTED FOR

The success of Baugh's $25 Phosphate as an excellent crop producer and permanent improver of the soil, is easily accounted for
It is made of the bones of animals, and with special regard to a general adaptability as a plant food."
Every particle of which bones are composed, is a direct food of vegetables.
We render this food immediately available
In the **$25 PHOSPHATE**
Which we claim to be a very special advantage, as it gives the crop an early start and sustains it until fully matured, besides permanently improving the soil.

MODENA, PA., Jan. 1st, 1886.
"Having thoroughly tested BAUGH'S $25 PHOSPHATE, side by side with other makes costing $35 and $40 per ton, I am satisfied that Baugh's is the best for first crops as well as permanent results. I had better wheat and cut more grass for two years where I used the $25 Phosphate. I will use no other kind and advise all farmers to buy Baugh's $25 Phosphate and see results for themselves on their own ground." JOHN FADDIS.

THE ORIGINAL Manufacturers of RAW BONE SUPER-PHOSPHATE
Combined capacity of our Works, 75,000 tons per year, and still increasing.
BAUGH & SONS,
MANUFACTURERS AND IMPORTERS,
PHILADELPHIA, PA.

Use Baugh's $25 PHOSPHATE
ACTIVE, PERMANENT, CHEAP
ANIMAL BONE MANURE

HAVE YOU RHEUMATISM?
A Remedy that has been in successful use for many years in Europe, and was only lately introduced in this country, is the
RUSSIAN RHEUMATISM CURE
This Remedy has the endorsement of Continental Physicians and Government Sanitary Commissions, as well as the thousands of sufferers to whom it has brought relief. It has saved others—all who have tried it. It
WILL CURE YOU
from further agony, if you'll only give it a chance.
RUSSIAN RHEUMATISM CURE
EVERY BOX HAS BOTH TRADE MARKS AND SIGNATURE *Twice this Size.*
Some Genuine without this Signature and both Trade Marks.
For RHEUMATISM Only.
PRICE $2.50 PER BOT.
For complete information, Descriptive Pamphlet, with testimonials, free.
For sale by all druggists. If one or the other is not in position to furnish it to you, do not be persuaded to take anything else, but apply direct to the General Agents, PFAELZER BROS. & CO. 819 & 821 Market Street, Philadelphia.
3 1 y

Rogers' Grapoline!

This preparation is a mild and gentle saline cathartic, alterative and tonic. It is most carefully prepared in the form of a snow white powder, containing all the medical properties of the GRAPE and other fruits. It will promptly cure Costiveness, Dyspepsia, Heartburn Sick Headache, Indigestion and all Inflammatory complaints where a gentle, cooling cathartic is required. Give this remedy one trial and it will convince you of the above facts. Prepared by A. H. ROGERS & CO., Geneseo, N.Y.
SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS.
17 4 1y

10 000 HARDWOOD FARMS IN MICHIGAN
For sale by the GRAND RAPIDS & INDIANA R. R. CO. Sugar maple the principal timber.
Advantages: Railroads already built, numerous towns and cities, one of the healthiest parts of the United States, purest water, good markets, fine fruit, good roads, schools, churches, large agricultural population, best building material at low figures, good soil, low prices, easy terms, perfect title. For books, maps, charts, and all additional information, address
W. O. HUGHART,
Land Commissioner, Grand Rapids, Mich.

Bellefonte Republican,

EDWARD T. TUTEN, - - Editor.

Terms, $2.00 per annum in Advance

Local Department.

—More snow is wanted.

—Rain in winter is always unwelcome.

—The State Grange was in session in Harrisburg Tuesday.

—The pavements were very slippery in some places Tuesday morning.

—Rev. Joseph Cook, of Boston, is to lecture in Tyrone on the 11th of January.

—Rev. C. W. W. Frazier, the Native African will lecture in the A. M. E. church this evening.

—The Leland Opera Company is "booked" for Lock Haven next Friday and Saturday evenings.

—The roof of the Roman Catholic church is to be slated, Mr. Woody of Williamsport being now in town for that purpose.

—William Trexler, of Beech Creek, died suddenly on Friday last at about 2 o'clock p. m. His age was 71 years, 5 months and 4 days.

—"Temperance" was the subject of Rev. J O. Davis' remarks in the Episcopal church on Sunday afternoon during the meeting for men.

—Mrs. R. M. Magee lost a blue scarf, or "nubia," on Sunday evening between her residence and the skating rink. The finder will be liberally rewarded on returning it to her.

—About two hundred persons listened to A. C. Rankin in the Rink on Sunday evening. His audience was largely composed of persons who do not usually frequent the churches.

—The snow is fast disappearing from the fields and hillsides. We hope that it will soon be replaced by a fresh fall of the beautiful so that the grain will be protected from the elements.

—Monday was the twenty-fourth anniversary of the battle of Fredericksburg. The 31st Regt, P. V., celebrated the event Tuesday by a reunion in Williamsport, this being the thirteenth reunion

—A late act of Congress, says an exchange, gives a pension of $8 per month to soldiers who were confined in Rebel prison pens, the pension beginning with the time of their release and continuing until death.

—Bellefonte ice men filled their ice houses with solid, pure ice last week from 6 to 8 inches thick; Lock Haven, ice men just began this week on 5 inch ice. If Lock Haven wants a touch of real winter she should move up here.

—This week will terminate the present term of school in the Bellefonte Academy, the new term beginning in two weeks from next Monday. The public schools will also close this week. The vacation in each instance will last two weeks.

—David I. Parsons had one of the fingers of his right hand badly mashed and cut on Monday morning by a piece of stove pipe, while employed at Mrs. Burnside's house on Curtin street. The stove pipe fell through the register from the second floor upon his finger.

—We do not hear of many Christmas entertainments preparing in Bellefonte for the children. There is no better way of celebrating the joyous occasion, especially for the benefit of such young people as cannot have the proper means of celebrating it at their homes.

—Gingerich's mill, at Oak Hall, which was destroyed by fire a few months ago, has been resurrected from its ashes and it now possesses all the modern advantages for manufacturing flour. The roller process will hereafter be used at this mill, which begins operations this week.

—Gen. James A. Beaver departed from this place on Friday evening and spent Saturday in Philadelphia. In that city he had a conference with several prominent Republicans and the first definite arrangements were made toward the formation of his cabinet and his other appointments.

—The engineer corps (consisting of a dozen or more) who were recently making surveys and driving stakes in the vicinity of Marsh Creek have reached Mill Hall, near which place they are operating. They state that they are locating the line of the proposed Milton and Punxsutawney Railroad.

—It is stated that Col. Frank A. Burr is under contract to write a life of ex-Gov. Curtin. Col. Burr will do it well. The ex-Governor could hardly have a more skillful biographer and no biographer could have a better subject. But Governor Curtin's life is not yet completed and there is a possibility that he may outlive Mr. Burr.

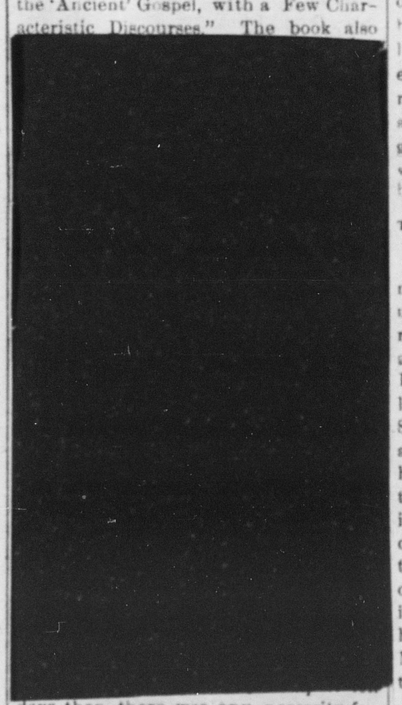
—Says the Lock Haven *Express:* "Steam heat radiators do not meet with favor from the old-fashioned farmers who come to town and want to warm themselves quickly after a long drive through the biting wintry blasts. The process of thawing out is too slow to satisfy them. They are accustomed to warm up their chilled bodies at home by the side of the big kitchen cook stove that sends out heat like a puddling furnace, and to think of getting warm by the mild heat thrown off by a radiator is to them not to be thought of."

REV. NATHAN J. MITCHELL.

THE THREE-FOURTHS OF A CENTURY OF HIS LIFE SPENT IN ACTIVE RELIGIOUS LABORS.

This well-known and venerable gentleman who passed away from this life the other day and entered upon the rest remaining for the people of God deserves the fullest notice that we can give in recalling to memory his active labors, extending through three-fourths of a century. We summarize much of what we give below from a similar notice in the Lock Haven *Daily Democrat*, which says that Rev, or Elder Nathan J. Mitchell was born in Washington county, Pa., on the 3d of March, 1808, and was married on the 12th day of January, 1832, to Miss Sarah B. Packer, sister of Hon. William F. Packer, afterwards Governor of Pennsylvania. Prior to this happy event, however, Mr. Mitchell was baptised in the Disciple faith August 7th, 1827, and he preached his first sermon in the following October. Ever since, until within a year or two ago, when his health broke down, he had been earnestly engaged in proclaiming the wonderful richness and saving power of the Gospel of Christ. Elder Mitchell's principal field of labor was in and through the Bald Eagle Valley, and it is gratifying that after his long life of eminent usefulness his remains are to be reposed beneath the clods of the vale in which he found so much happiness and peace.

His labors in this vicinity include the establishment of churches of his faith in Howard, Salona, Bald Eagle bridge, Lock Haven, Marsh Creek, etc. He did more for this church than any other person in this community. In the pursuit of his chosen work, in those early days, he often encountered great hardships, but his faith and courage were undaunted by dangers and he continued faithfully at his arduous duties. Nothing but physical impossibilities ever kept him from filling an appointment to preach or to render good service in behalf of the church and people whom he loved and who honored and loved him. He was a pioneer of the church in this section of the state and went through difficulties and dangers that are now fortunately not to be encountered and that would have appalled any but the strongest and most determined nature. Much of interest in regard to Elder Mitchell's early struggles and achievements will be found in a book published by him in 1877, entitled "Life and Travels of a Pioneer Preacher of the 'Ancient' Gospel, with a Few Characteristic Discourses." The book also



days than there was any necessity for. The snow which fell on Thanksgiving day was carefully cleaned off, but the precipitation of the "beautiful," four or five inches deep, which occured a few days afterward, was not removed at all from the walks in many of the principal parts of the town, but there it was permitted to form into ice and has been a source of annoyance and danger ever since. It is folly to say that it could not be removed. More than that, on many of the following days, when the sun softened the ice, no attempt was made to remove it. On Saturday, for instance, the ice was soft and if it had been taken off, much of the slush of Sunday would have been prevented. It seems to us that the ordinance has been entirely disregarded this year. On several of the sidewalks, along vacant lots, which the street commissioner should have attended to, the snow has been permitted to remain until a merciful sun removed it.

Some people found it almost impossible to walk on the sidewalks of this town last week. Of course, under certain circumstances, slippery walks are excusable; but such total disregard of the ordinance as has been shown this winter is not pardonable. If a fall should result in broken limbs we believe damages could be collected, especially if gross negligence could be proven.

—The quartette of male voices, recently organized by Secretary Schaeffer for the Y. M. C. A. meetings, rendered three fine selections for the meeting Sunday afternoon and the music was richly appreciated. It is the best male quartetta we have heard in Bellefonte for a long time, the members being Messrs. C. E. Schaeffer, Walter Lembkey, Thomas Hutchinson and Malcolm Laurie. Their voices blend very sweetly.

He "Hires" a Horse and "Borrows" Money.

LOOK OUT FOR HIM AS HE IS SUPPOSED TO BE IN THIS COUNTY.

Mr. S. Adams, of Antrim, Missouri, writes to us to warn the people of this county against an individual named Joe Brown who victimized several persons in Missouri and is now supposed to be in Centre county, probably in the vicinity of Martha, where he is well known. *The Wright County Republican*, printed at Hartville, Wright Co., Mo., contains the following notice of his recent acts in that vicinity: "About two months ago the above named individual, who is well known in this county and with whom the REPUBLICAN had some controversy last winter, hired a horse in Iron Co. of John Adams, brother of W. P. Adams of this county, to ride out a ways and return. However, instead of returning with him he rode him here and after spending several days in this county took him on to Springfield from which point he wrote to John Adams that the horse was dead. But as he was seen riding the horse about the time the letter was written and as he immediately started to Pennsylvania, his acquaintances here believe he sold the horse and appropriated the money.

Besides he borrowed all the money he could, forgetting to repay the same, and jumped board and livery bills. He should be indicted for horse stealing and brought back on requisition for trial.

A Man who has Devoted His Life to the Temperance Cause Delivers a Great Lecture.

A. C. Rankin, of Pittsburg, who began a series of temperance lectures in the Skating Rink Friday evening, is the most intensely earnest temperance talker we have ever heard. We do not wonder at this after hearing the thrilling narrative of his own personal experience as he told it. He has devoted his life to the accomplishment of great temperance reform and we have no doubt he will succeed. His terrible earnestness alone arouses enthusiasm and he does not depend upon the narration of humorous or pathetic incidents to appeal to his hearers. His inborn conviction is that the cause he holds out before the people is one of life or death and right earnestly does he plead. His denunciation of vice is withering and grand.

It is vain for us to attempt to give a synopsis of his strong arguments of Friday night. He concluded to postpone his lecture on the "Antagonism of the liquor traffic to business" until this evening, when he hopes to have a more representative audience of the business and laboring men of the town. Let all go to hear him this evening. The Rink will be made comfortable with three big stoves.

The Central Pennsylvania M. E. Conference.

The great religious body which is to meet in this place next March possesses unique and attractive interest. In many respects it will be the most remarkable gathering the town has ever known. Perhaps the conference itself is numerically no larger than was the Presbyterian Synod sometime ago, but the engrossing and exciting interest which it attracts has no comparison. A political convention does not equal it. It fills the town in which it is held with eager and excited visitors. The two hundred ministerial gentlemen who compose it will be comfortably and elegantly entertained in the homes of our citizens, but the hotels will be besieged by hundreds of Methodist laymen who come to attend to business of almost vital importance.

The one item of business which arouses this great interest on the part of the laymen is the assigning of ministers. In some churches there is great pressure to secure the services of a certain minister and dozens of laymen may come to influence the appointment of only one. In the aggregate this makes a great many people.

They Were Disappointed.

Rev. C. W. W. Frazier did not reach Bellefonte on Friday in time to deliver his lecture announced for the evening in the A. M. E. church, consequently some people were disappointed. The cause of his non-arrival was inability to make proper railroad connection, he being in Everett on the previous day. He will deliver his lecture last Tuesday evening in the church.

Mr. Frazier is a native of the Congo valley, Lower Guinea, Africa. He was stolen away from his home when he was about 20 years of age, and was on the ocean eight years. His lecture describes his native people, their modes, customs, etc. He is collecting money to finish his education at Meadville College, in this State, and will then return to Africa to labor as a missionary.

—Elder Nathan J. Mitchell, who died in Lock Haven, Friday morning at 4 20 o'clock, was stoping at the house of his son-in-law, Mr. Nathan Leathers, in that place. He was born in 1808, which makes him 78 years of age. He preached for many years in the Bald Eagle valley and established numerous congregations of the Disciple church. The funeral was held on Monday at 2 o'clock p. m. and his remains were conveyed on the 3.30 p. m. train to Howard, this county. They buried him by the side of his wife. Four children are left to mourn a good father's departure.

Mysterious Death of a Young Lady.

From the Tyrone correspondence of the Altoona *Tribune* we learn that the little village of Gatesburg in this county has been thrown into a state of nervous excitement over the mysterious death of Miss Luella Musser, which occurred there on Saturday. Miss Musser, who was an accomplished musician, had been traveling through the county with Professor Weaver, giving vocal concerts at various small places. She returned home on Saturday, and her mother, Mrs. Ellen Hastings, saw she was dangerously ill. A physician was sent for and he said that she had been poisoned. Another physician was called and he corroborated this opinion. Every effort was made to save her life but without avail and she died in a few hours after without having revealed who administered the fatal drug, or, if taken by her own will, why she had done so.

P. S.—We met a gentleman from Loveville, on Tuesday, who assures us that there is no suspicion in that vicinity that poison caused the young lady's death. If that is so, the correspondent should have been very careful about giving publicity to any rumors that he may have heard. We hope the report is entirely groundless.

Perfection in Military Drill.

There is to be a National drill and encampment in Washington city, D. C., beginning on the 23d of next May and continuing until Decoration day. The terms are such as to admit the entry of almost any volunteer military company or cadets, and some of the organizations from this part of the country should be heard from There is a fund of $50,000 to ensure payment of prizes and expenditure for a national drill and encampment. Entries will be open to regularly organized volunteer militia of the United States for competition as regiments, battalions or companies in infantry, artillery, cavalry and zouave tactics, and also to regularly organized corps of cadets from military or university schools. The prizes offered to competitors aggregate $26,500, of which $10,500 will be distributed among the best five companies of infantry, as follows: First prize, $5,000; second, $2,500; third $1,500; fourth, $1,000; fifth, $500 Commanders of regiments, battalions and companies of all arms are invited to correspond with the committee, of which T. C. DeLeon is managing secretary.

The Price of Iron.

The Thomas Iron Company, of New York city, which has delayed making prices for pig iron for 1887 delivery until an unusually late period, has announced its figures to be $20 for No. 1 foundry, an advance of $2 on 1886 prices. This advance will, of course, not be net to the iron producer, as iron ores, labor and freight have already been marked up, and from the view of the iron producer $20 is a low price for good iron. There is some money in it, and if the profits are small the iron men have an excellent and sure market for their production. During this year the output of pig iron is certain to exceed six millions of tons—the largest in the history of this country. During most of the year the demand for iron has been equal to the supply, and prices have been growing stronger all the the time. The year 1887 promises to be one of activity in all the branches of the iron industry.

Where a Telephone Wire Caused Excitement.

An event occurred in Scranton a few days ago which is of great interest in this universally electrical period. Workmen accidentally broke off a telephone wire which fell upon the rails of the electric street railway. The result was a series of illuminations and explosions which caused some people to think that the Judgment day had come. Bluish flame ran along the wires and along the street railway cable, illuminating the street. The wires melted and fell upon the horses in the street, frightening them. It is with difficulty that the drivers prevented the animals from stepping on the tracks. If they had done so death might have been the result. The current was carried into the Telephone Exchange and twenty-nine indicators were burned out. The electric display lasted about fifteen minutes.

Mr. Carnegie's Book

Andrew Carnegie, Esq., is the author of a book entitled "Triumphant Democracy," which is being extensively read by the laboring people of England and is doing as much as any other one agency toward revolutionizing British opinion in favor of free institutions. The book is sold for a half shilling per copy and the third edition issued for English use is now almost exhausted. A copy of the book was also presented to every free library in that country. Mr. Carnegie is one of the greatest business men in this State and is interested in the ore operations at Scotia, this county. The people of this State have reason to be proud of him.

—After the holidays the most important event will be the inauguration of of Governor Beaver at Harrisburg. It should and doubtless will be the occasion of a grand excursion of the people of Bellefonte to the State Capital city. We have enough Jeffersonian simplicity about us to disapprove of any great display, but the intense interest which Bellefonters feel in the event will attract them there to see and participate in it.

G. A. R. Officers to be Installed.

The officers of Post 261, Milesburg, elected Saturday, December 11, 1886, to serve during the year 1887, are as follows:

Commander—J. C. P. Jones.
S. V. C.—James Krebs.
J. V. C.—P. H. Haupt
Surgeon—Samuel Orris.
Chaplain—Thomas Wilson.
Quartermaster—J. M. Green.
O. G.—Simon Parsons.
Ord. Officer—Thomas Watson.
Trustees—Austin Curtin.
Delegate to Encampment—W. H. Musser; Alternate—Geo. F. Derr.

Orris, Wilson and Green were re-elected. The commander, by virtue of his office, is also a delegate. So, too, is Post Department Commander Curtin a perpetual member of both the State and National encampments. Post 261 will hold a public installation in Grand Army hall, Milesburg, the second Saturday evening in January, to be followed by a camp fire. A cordial invitation is extended to all Grand Army men and their friends.

Who is to Blame?

The question is being agitated—Who is to blame for the terrible accident on the Beech Creek Railroad near Jersey Shore last week in which the explosion of a locomotive resulted in the death of five men? It is said that the engine which blew up had been condemned by John Meadville, one of the oldest and best engineers Meadville had also given a warning in regard to engine No. 91, which blew up and killed engineer Campbell and four others some years ago He also, it is said, warned in the same way in regard to an engine that had the habit of "climbing the track," as it is called, on account of the flanges on the wheels not being deep enough. This engine also killed a man at Sandy Ridge. It is also said that John Meadville has been "sent for," and it is thought by some that an endeavor will be made to induce him to say nothing.

Independent Young Ladies.

The maidens fair of this place, can, if necessity demands, be entirely independent of the male sex. At several of the recent entertainments ten or a dozen young men were accustomed to enter, unaccompanied by ladies, and occupy a row of seats, pretty well front in the center tier. The young ladies, more than once, told them it was selfish for them not to take the ladies, but they heeded not.

On the evening of the "Mikado" entertainment ten or a dozen young ladies turned the tables on their male friends. They entered in a body and occupied the seats where the young men had been so often seen. They took this way to show "the boys" that they can be entirely independent of them.

—On the 14th of October a dudish young man, with a photograph camera, made his appearance in Bellefonte. He registered at the Garman House, "Prof. Joseph Able, of Altoona." While here he took pictures of several of the celebrities of the town and also some of the handsomest public and private buildings It is said that the members of the Court House ring were among those who permitted him to carry away negatives of their handsome phizes. He collected the money (about $50) and promised to send the pictures in a week. One picture has been received, but where are the others? Most of the parties have concluded that they were "taken in," but other communities should give him the cold shoulder.

—W. McKnight Williamson, of Huntingdon, is said to be at the head of a movement to unite the Republicans of Central Pennsylvania into an organized body, so that there may be concert of action and strength in State conventions. The proposed circuit will take in Perry, Juniata, Snyder, Union, Mifflin, Huntingdon, Centre, Blair, Bedford, Clearfield, Cambria, Fulton, Franklin and Clinton Counties. It is proposed to hold a meeting for organization at the inauguration of General Beaver next month. Reports have come in from leading Republicans in nearly all the counties named favoring the plan.

—From the Tyrone correspondence of Altoona *Tribune*: Benjamin Buck, a well-to-do, widely known and highly respected farmer, died at his home near Centre Line, in Half Moon valley, Centre county, at noon on Thursday, of heart disease. He was about 60 years of age. He leaves a wife and three children. The funeral took place Saturday morning. The services were held in the Brethren church at Centre Line at 10 o'clock. Interment was made in Nearhoof's graveyard near Cross Roads.

—One of the fine and characteristic bits of description which Mr. A. C. Rankin used in his talk in the Rink, Sunday evening, was a recital of the Scriptural story of the fight between David and Goliath. It was made unusually real and effective. He likened that contest to the battle between the W. C. T. U. and King Alcohol. He will hold meetings every evening until Friday next.

—Clement Dale, Esq., as trustee of the estate of Nancy Hurst, dec'd, advertises nine acres of land in Harris township and a lot of ground and a two-story frame building in Boalsburg for sale on the 8th day of January. The sale will take place at 2 o'clock p. m. of said day at Stuart's store in Boalsburg.

Personal Pencilings.

Mrs. Wilmer Malin was, we regret to hear, quite ill on Wednesday.

Miss Lula Comerford, of Howard, is a guest at the home of Mrs. D. G. Bush.

Mr. T. A. Ardell, of Julian, greeted his friends in Bellefonte on Saturday night.

Rev. J. H Hopkiss, D. D., rector of Christ Episcopal church, Williamsport, has resigned.

Prof. George Bible, of the Keystone State Normal school at Lock Haven, spent Sunday in town.

Mrs. John Meese and Mrs. Wm. Jenkins were passengers in the mail train east Monday morning.

Mitchell I. Gardner, of Valentines stores, attended the funeral of Rev. Nathan J. Mitchell on Monday.

Presiding Elder George Leidy, of the Altoona district, passed through Bellefonte Friday on his way to Millheim.

Edmund Blanchard Esq., passed Sunday night quite comfortably and his general condition is thought to be improving.

Chas. L. Gates, who is connected with the *Republican* printing office, spent Wednesday night at his former home in Loveville.

Presiding Elder Leidy completed the reopening or rededication of the church at Millheim on Sunday and returned through Bellefonte Monday.

Wilbur Malin, who went away on the 9:32 train on Monday, carried a shovel, wore a slouch hat and looked in other respects like a working man.

Samuel Reynolds, Esq., and wife departed on Monday for their home in Lancaster. Mrs. Reynolds has been in Bellefonte for about ten days.

Prof. D. M. Wolfe, of Spring Mills, is recovering slowly from his recent illness. On Tuesday he was able to be out of bed and to move about the house quite freely.

Dr. J. D. Geissinger had his right eye quite badly injured while experimenting with one of Deschner's guns. Some particles came in contact with his eye, burning it quite severely.

Mr. Ed. Rankin, the Western Union Telegraph operator, is still suffering with sore eyes, though we are glad to learn that they are improving. He was out on Saturday for the first time in several weeks.

Mr. Charles Nau, the eminent pianist, played the organ in the Roman Catholic church on Sunday, and he brought such expressive music from the instrument as has not been heard for many a long day.

Mrs. J. P. Harris, President of the Bellefonte W. C. T. U., in company with Mrs. Morrison, of Newton Hamilton, recently visited Millheim to encourage the temperance organization in that place.

Mrs. Frank Montgomery and her infant child and Miss Bridge (the latter of Clearfield) departed from this place for Philadelphia this morning, expecting to remain in that city until after the holidays.

Mr. E. C. Poorman and Mr. Weaver, of Milesburg, spent part of Saturday in this place. Mr. Weaver is the well known liveryman of Milesburg. Mr. Poorman, although claiming Milesburg as his home, spends most of his time "on the road" in the interest of a prominent cigar factory.

William and Richard Morgan, Robert Brennen and James Fannin, all of Centre county, in and near Bellefonte, were in the city Monday on a tour of inspection. Richard Morgan and James Fannin are both ex-police officers and Robert Brennen was formerly street commissioner. —*Lock Haven Democrat.*

The friends of Rev. John Hewitt, of Fremont, Nebraska, will doubtless be surprised to hear that he sailed from New York to England on Tuesday. He started from Fremont only a few days ago, determining to go within twenty-four hours after the subject was first suggested to him. He expects to return in February and will visit Bellefonte en route home. A host of his Bellefonte friends will wish him *bon voyage.*

MARRIED.

EBERHART—TRESSLER.—At the Lutheran parsonage, Nittany, Pa., December 7, by Rev. Brubaker, Mr. William F. Eberhart, of Lock Haven, and Miss Effie Tressler, of Nittany, Pa.

RIPKA—OTT.—At the Reformed parsonage, Centre Hall, December 3 by Rev. Thomas S. Land, John L Ripka and Miss Lizzie E. Ott.

DIED.

COLEMAN.—On the 2d of December, at the residence of his son, at Fowler P. O., Mr. Jacob Coleman, aged 64 years, 10 months and 10 days.

BRYSON.—At her home in Philipsburg, on Monday, Dec. 6 at 4 a. m., of paralysis, Harriet Amelia Harder, wife of James Bryson, Esq.

Died.

IDDINGS.—On the 12th of October, 1886, at Wallace Run Rosana Iddings, the only daughter of Joseph and Clara Iddings, aged 5 years, 5 months and 3 days.

Dearest Rosa, how we miss thee,
When our day's work is done;
How we miss your fond caresses
At the setting of the sun.

It is hard for me at evening
Never more to see you wait,
With your smile and loving kisses
For your papa at the gate.

Yes, dearest Rosa, we do miss thee
Every day we live here below:
We long for the time we can meet thee—
To that glorious home we would go.

It is God who called you from us;
O, 'tis hard for us to bear;
But we hope to meet you, darling,
In God's bright home over there.

BY A FRIEND.